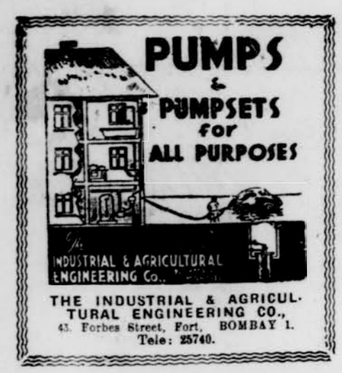

THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO.,
43, Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY 1.
Tele: 25740.

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 177 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Arthur Colton Company,
Detroit & F. J. Stokes Machine Co., Philadelphia, most important & reliable Pharmaceutical machinery manufacturers request those who desire to start manufacturing Tablets, Pills & Pharmaceutical preparations to submit complete details, nature of article to be produced per hour for complete plants to their Sole Agent & Representative.
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62, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 20883.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

IS IT 'BLITZKREIG' PLAN?

German Naval Unit In British Waters

Fleet Air Arm Gives It Hot

ENEMY MOTOR TORPEDO BOATS ESCAPE

Britain Scores In Sea And Air Battles

LONDON, July 24

An Admiralty communique states that a German Auxiliary vessel with a naval escort was located in the Eastern part of the North Sea last night.

In the early hours of this morning, this force was attacked with torpedoes by the swordfish aircraft of the fleet air arm.

One German Naval Unit, an escort vessel of the Koningin Luise type, was hit by a torpedo. All our aircraft returned.

A SECOND ADMIRALTY COMMUNIQUE STATES THAT IN THE COURSE OF A PATROL IN THE ENGLISH CHANNEL IN THE EARLY HOURS OF THIS MORNING, ONE OF OUR MOTOR TORPEDO BOATS SIGHTED AND ENGAGED SIX ENEMY MOTOR TORPEDO BOATS.

THE ENEMY MADE OFF AT A HIGH SPEED, AND ESCAPED IN DARKNESS. ONE ENEMY BOAT HAD ITS SEARCH LIGHT PUT OUT OF ACTION, AND IT IS THOUGHT THAT CASUALTIES WERE INFLICTED IN ANOTHER. OUR MOTOR BOAT RECEIVED NO DAMAGE OR CASUALTIES.

IS IT NAVAL RECONNAISSANCE?

After the knock-out blow in Norwegian waters, the first appearance of German Naval units with a naval escort in the Eastern part of North Sea is bound to give room for a lot of speculation. According to Banse plan which seems to be favoured by the Nazi High Command, there are only two places worth considering for enemy landing, so long as the British fleet holds sway—the broad East Anglian Peninsula, protected on the flanks by the Wash and the Thames estuary and the Kent-Sussex peninsula, lying between the Thames estuary and the Channel.

In this connection, the comment of the 'News Review' is significant. It observes: "As though to show that Banse's plan for an onslaught on East Anglia and Kent was indeed the one accepted by the Nazi Chiefs, Rear-Admiral Von Luetzow explained in a radio talk how the German Navy was going to use small speed boats in the Thames estuary."

The appearance of the Nazi Naval unit in Eastern part of North Sea and six enemy motor torpedo boats in the English Channel, may perhaps be in the nature of a naval reconnaissance.

NAZI FIGHTERS OVER BRITISH COAST

Big Air Batile

LONDON, July 24.

Over sixty British and German fighters fought an air battle over a South-east Coast town this afternoon.

A fighter and two German aircraft were shot down. One crashed in the middle of the road near a cottage embedded its nose deep into the ground and then crumpled like a piece of cardboard.

The pilot was seen to bale, but apparently, his parachute was not properly fixed and broke away, whereupon the pilot was dashed on to a school playing field and killed. The second aircraft made a forced landing on a cornfield and its pilot was wounded in the combat and taken to hospital.

The Air Ministry has just announced that altogether five enemy aircraft were shot down in a series of engagements, off the South-east coast, shortly after mid-day. Four were shot down by fighters and one by anti-aircraft.

It is now established that only four other enemy aircraft were shot down to-day in other coastal raids. A bomber which crashed in South-west England was the one referred to by the Air Ministry as being shot down off the Welsh Coast.

GERMANS RAIN BOMBS

LONDON, July 24.

Nearly a hundred bombs are estimated to have been dropped when six German machines swooped down out of clouds and attacked a convoy off the south-east coast of England this morning. It is believed that none of the bombs hit its objective but columns of water shot into the air. British fighters attacked them above and one of the German machines breaking away from the formation was seen to dive headlong into the sea. R. A. F. fighters drove off the other German machines.—Reuter.

BRITISH BOMBERS OVER HOLLAND AND GERMANY

Aircraft Factories And Oil Depots Bombed

LONDON, July 24.

An Air Ministry Communique states that aircraft factories at Gotha, Kassel and Wnzendorf, and oil depots in Hamburg and Gelsenkirchen, railway communications, goods yards, anti-aircraft batteries, search lights and twelve aerodromes were among the objectives in Holland and Germany attacked last night by Aircraft of the Bomber Command.

An enemy fighter which attempted to intercept one of our bombers was shot down. One of our aircraft is missing. Coastal command aircraft, besides carrying out their usual patrol and escort duties, attacked oil tanks in Dunkirk harbour yesterday afternoon, shot down an enemy flying boat off the north-east coast of Scotland yesterday evening and attacked an oil tank at Flushing and docks at Amsterdam during the night. Total of eight enemy aircraft have been shot down by our fighters and anti-aircraft guns during the day. Two of our fighters were lost.—Reuter.

A view of the meeting of the Bombay Cricket Association held on Tuesday. Inset: Sir John Beaumont.

Daladier And 3 Ex-Ministers To Stand Trial

3 OTHER EX-MINISTERS TO BE COURT-MARTIALLED

LONDON, July 24.

M. Daladier, a former Prime Minister of France, and three other ex-Ministers are to be tried by a French court "for the part they played in declaring and conducting war against Germany".

Three other French ex-Ministers and a Deputy are to be court-martialled by a military court as deserters.

SUEZ CANAL COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

Egyptians To Replace Enemy Nationals

CAIRO, July 24.

The newspaper "Al Mokattam" reports that the Suez Canal Company has requested the Egyptian Government to nominate two hundred Egyptians to occupy the posts vacant through dismissal of enemy nationals.

If the above report is accurate, says a London report, it is thought by those in close touch with the Canal Company's affairs that the dismissals referred to would involve a number of Italian officials occupying minor posts. —Reuter.

TRAGEDY BEHIND TRAWLER SUNK

LONDON, July 24.

Behind the Admiralty's announcement last night that His Majesty's trawler 'Campina' sunk by an enemy mine lies one of the war's most poignant tragedies.

Journeying to a British port to meet her husband, Tess Johnson, the Skipper of the 'Campina', Mrs. Johnson arrived at the quayside, just in time to see the vessel coming in from the sea. Also on the 'Campina' was her daughter's husband who was to pay a short visit to his wife and nine months old baby.

As the 'Cmpina' drew near to the port, there was a crash and the 'Campina' started to sink. In the wheelhouse, plainly visible, Mrs. Johnson saw her husband. Suddenly he disappeared from view, and was carried down with the 'Campina,' as it sunk off the shore. Seven other Grimsbymen including Mrs. Johnson's son-in-law were among the victims of the tragedy.—Reuter.

LONDON, July 24.

The Treasury has placed a ban on bankers making payments or transferring gold securities on instructions received from Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania or any corporation controlled from these States.—Reuter.

HOLWELL SATYAGRAHA SUSPENDED

Sarat Bose's Statement In Bengal Assembly

CALCUTTA, July 24.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Leader of the Opposition in the Bengal Legislative Assembly, made a statement to-day on the floor of the House that, in view of the Chief Minister's statement of yesterday that Government decided to take immediate steps for the removal of the Holwell Monument, he (Mr. Bose) took upon himself the responsibility of suspending the Satyagraha movement, which was started by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

Mr. Sarat Bose added that the logical sequel to Government's decision to remove the Monument ought to be the immediate release of all prisoners arrested under Government orders since July 2 and detained in prison, either without trial or after trial.—United Press.

Sarat Bose Appeals To Students For Co-operation

CALCUTTA, July 24.

Making a statement in the Bengal Assembly this evening, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Leader of the Opposition said:

"No announcement has yet been made by Government that all those who had been arrested since July 2 will forthwith be released. Moreover, the Committee of Enquiry which has been announced by Government has yet to be formed and the public has to be satisfied that proper amends will be made to the students, who were the victims of lathi charges day before yesterday.

"All these factors and possibly some others will have to be taken into consideration by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose who is the leader of the movement for the purpose of coming to a decision as to whether the movement should be called off altogether."

In conclusion Mr. Bose made an appeal to the wider public outside the House and particularly to the student community to accept his advice and to co-operate with him and to await the final decision of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.—A.P.

No More Holwell Satyagraha

CALCUTTA, July 24.

No volunteers turned up to offer Satyagraha in front of the Holwell Monument to-day. The police arrangements, however, remain as usual.—United Press.

Bessarabian Germans Resettle In Germany

BERLIN, July 24.

Between seventy-five and eighty thousand Germans from Bessarabia and Northern Bukovina are being resettled in Germany, according to "Dienst auf Deutschland."

It says that they are descendants of Germans from East Prussia and Southern Germany who settled there about a century ago.—Reuter.

U. S. Entry Into War Is A Certainty

But She Stays Out Now To Give More Effective Aid To Britain, Says Hearst

NEW YORK, July 24.

THE wellknown newspaper proprietor, Mr. Hearst writing in his chain of papers to-day says that "the entry of the United States into the war may be considered more than a probability. In fact, it may be set down as a certainty."

Mr Hearst adds that the attitude of the United States towards England is entirely analogous to that of Italy towards Germany, before Italy entered the war.

At the present time, the United States can give more effective aid to England by staying out of the war than by entering. But within a year, she will be in a position to join the British Empire in effective warfare, and will doubtless do so.—Reuter.

DALADIER INTERNED IN MARSEILLES?

LONDON, July 24.

M. Daladier, the former French Premier, returned to Marseilles from French Morocco, accompanied by some French Deputies.

It is understood they were ordered not to leave the city.—Reuter.

NO TRUCK WITH AXIS POWERS

China Looks To Russia And U. S. For Aid In Freedom's Fight

CHUNGKING, July 24.

Well-informed quarters state that a proposal by certain Chinese leaders that China should enter into closer relations with Germany and Italy has been firmly rejected.

The majority of leaders present when the proposal was made at a recent meeting voted for the continuance of the Government's policy of placing their hope in the United States and Russia for assistance in their war against Japan, while maintaining friendly relations with Britain, France, Germany and Italy.—Reuter.

OIL CONTROLLER FOR RUMANIA

BUCHAREST, July 24.

The Rumanian Oil Commission has appointed a Controller to supervise the affairs of the Astra Romana, the biggest oil undertaking in Rumania. The Astra Romana is owned by British and Dutch interests.

The action followed the allegations that the Company failed to supply the Commission with the required details of operations.—Reuter.

RUMANIAN MINISTER IN LONDON RECALLED?

LONDON, July 24.

Nothing is known at the Rumanian Legation in London of the reports published in Berlin and Rome that the Rumanian Minister in London has been recalled by his Government, says Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

But in Rumanian quarters here, it is pointed out, that it would not be surprising if the Rumanian Government decided to change its representation in London as the present Minister M. Telea has always been regarded as pro-British and one of those responsible for the British guarantee to Rumania which Rumania has now denounced.—Reuter.

Ghatkopar Municipality To Present Welcome Address To Azad

The Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality passed a resolution at its meeting held to-day to present an address of Welcome to Rashtrapati Maulana Abul Kalam Azad on his forthcoming visit to Bombay in the next week.

STOP PRESS

AEROPLANE EXPERT ON GERMAN PLAN

SIMLA, July 24.

"The invasion of England must be undertaken soon or postponed till next spring. It cannot be undertaken with any hope of success unless the British Defensive Air Power is broken down, which the present German equipment is not capable of achieving."

This conclusion is reached by Alexander Seversky, well-known American Aeroplane designer, writing in the "New York Times", says a message from New York.

MAHATMA NOT GOING TO POONA

LEADERS' PARLEYS AT WARDHA

WARDHAGANJ, July 24.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the Congress President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Dr. Prafulla Ghosh interviewed Mahatma Gandhi at Sewagram when it is learnt, they reviewed the developments since the Ramgarh Congress and the reaction to the Delhi resolution of the Congress Working Committee.

It is further learnt that they discussed the implications of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan's resignation and reaction to it.

The Congress President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Dr. Prafulla Ghosh left this evening for Poona by the Bombay Mail.—United Press.

MAHATMA NOT TO ATTEND

WARDHA, July 24.

It is now definite that Mahatma Gandhi will not be going to Poona for the Working Committee Meeting.

Hyderabad Situation Discussed With Mahatma

WARDHA, July 24.

Mahatma Gandhi granted an interview to Swami Ramanand Teerth and Mr. Damodhar Das who discussed with him at great length the political situation in Hyderabad in view of the proscription of educative pamphlets written under the signature of the Swamiji.—United Press.

Bhulabhai Desai At Poona

POONA, July 24.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai and Acharya Narendra Deo also arrived this evening in connection with the A. I.. C. C. Meeting.

Mr. B. G. Kher, who was to have arrived to-night by the Poona Mail has not arrived so far. —A. P.

A. I. C. C. Office At Poona

POONA, July 24.

Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, and Mrs. Kripalani arrived here this morning from Bombay. They are putting up at the bungalow of Seth Govindram Sekhsaria.

With the arrival of the General Secretary of the Congress, the A. I. C. C. office opened here at the Congress House.—United Press.

Congress President To Reach Poona To-day

POONA, July 24.

The Reception Committee to the A.-I. C. C. has received a telegram from Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Congress President, that he together with Babu Rajendra Prasad and Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghosh will be leaving Wardha to-night.

The party will be arriving in Poona by 12 noon on Thursday, July 25, by the Poona Express.—A. P.

Sardar In City

BOMBAY, July 24.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel returned to Bombay to-day from Gujarat.

He leaves for Poona to-morrow. —A. P.

Hon. Mr. Fazlul Huq

CALCUTTA, July 24.

The Hon. Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Premier of Bengal, who was to have left for Delhi to-night has postponed his departure.—A. P.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE". If repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

I. C. S. Officer of thirty-two with ten years' service having lost first wife desires to marry again. No children. Reply with full information regarding family, Status etc. No sectarian restrictions Apply Box No. 13463, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted applications from matriculates for the course of Stationmaster, Asst. Stationmaster and Signaller, Rs. 30/- as scholarship and Railway fare Terms. Non-matrics can also apply for the lower posts. Apply with 2 annas stamps to the Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (13439)

Free! Learn Shorthand Free! Admission fee only. Join: Shri Radhamukund Institute, Khatau Building, Central Cinema, Girgaon. (13461)

Wanted a rapid, accurate Stenotypist for 2 hours daily from 11 to 1 P.M. South Indian preferred. Apply with salary required Post Box 3060, Bombay, 3. (13456)

Wanted:—Candidates for Station Master's and Signaller's courses. Allowance Rs. 30- and 20/-. Free quarter. Rail fare paid. Apply with -/1/6, to The Supdt. Rly. Telegraph Training School, Barhshah-boola, Delhi. (13452)

Wanted Hindu Lady Tutoress B.A., B.T., for taking full charge 4 children all under 10 years. Vegetarian Board-Lodging Rs. 50/- per month. Apply with qualification Box No. 13448, "Bombay Chronicle."

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis treated radically. External application reduces size and pain at once. No operation. Many sufferers benefited. Rs. 2. Kaviraj Shastri, Kanchrapara, Bengal. (13453)

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Required a piece of land not less than 100 acres suitable for cultivation within 30 miles from Bombay with plenty of water. Apply with lowest price and particulars to Box No. 13464, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders from Presses in the Bombay City or Suburbs for printing and supplying the G. I. P. Railway half yearly Time Table and Guide. Tender form can be obtained from this office on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy, which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 8th August, 1940 at 3 P.M. (S.T.). (3017)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Certificate for one Deferred share No. D46339 of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited, standing in the name of Faninndra Lal De has been LOST or MISLAID and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue a duplicate certificate for the said share. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said share should lodge such claim with the Company at its registered Office, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue a duplicate share certificate.

FANINDRA LAL DE.
3029.

NOTICE

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION FOR THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.

THE Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay are prepared to consider applications for the post of Deputy Municipal Commissioner under Section 55 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888.

The pay of the post is Rs. 1,200-50-1,500 plus Rs. 160 conveyance allowance per mensem.

The applicant should be a native of the Province of Bombay or should have at the time of appointment a domicile in the Province of Bombay or in an Indian State lying within the Geographical limits of the Province of Bombay and must have at least a second class degree in Arts, Law, Science or Commerce of the Bombay University or must be the holder of an equivalent degree of a recognised University and possess administrative experience of not less than ten years.

The selected candidate will be entitled to the benefits of the Municipal Leave Regulations and the Municipal Provident Fund. He will be appointed on one year's probation in the first instance, if he is not already in Municipal service and will be confirmed thereafter on approved service.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, previous experience, etc., and accompanied by copies of testimonials and certificates of age and physical fitness should reach the undersigned on or before Monday the 12th August, 1940.

Persons in Municipal service are eligible to apply.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the applicant.

M. D. BHAT,
Municipal Commissioner,
Municipal Offices, Fort,
Bombay, 9th July, 1940.
(2940)

336. BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

Dispensary for sale, completely fitted. Apply Box No. 13465 "Bombay Chronicle."

Flourishing South Indian type non-vegetarian lunch home with permanent clientele in Fort—Only genuine buyers need apply Box 13466, "Bombay Chronicle."

351. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Reliable racing system Re. 1. Stamps or P. O. Master Agency, 40 C, Gawmukh Bhuvan, Masjid Bundar, Bombay 9. (13455)

Public Notices

MUSLIM UNIVERSITY ALIGARH

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of a temporary Lecturer in Mechanical & Electrical Engineering for the Institute of Technology on Rs. 100 p.m. The appointment will be temporary for the present and is likely to be made permanent. Candidates should be graduates in Engineering and should have good practical experience. Teaching experience will be an additional qualification.

Applications stating age, details of qualifications, with attested copies of testimonials should reach the undersigned on or before the 10th August, 1940.

21-7-1940.

A. E. ZOBAIRI,
Registrar.
3022.

THE JUPITER GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Ewart House, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the share certificates of 400 Ordinary shares Nos. 40390/40789 of the Jupiter General Insurance Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Bai Bayabai Vasanji Sojpal of Ghatkopar (G. I. P. Rly.) have been reported to be LOST or MISPLACED. Any claim in respect of these share Certificates should be notified to the above Company within one month from the date hereof; otherwise duplicate Certificates will be issued to Bai Bayabai Vasanji Sojpal, who has applied for the same.

Dated this 24th day of July, 1940.

LALJI NARANJI & Co.
Managing Agents.
(3032)

CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bombay Central Public Works Division, Central Govt. Offices Building, Queen's Road, Bombay, will receive tenders upto 12.00 Noon 2nd August, 1940, from approved 1st and 2nd class contractors for the work "Construction of a Semi-Permanent Office Building at the Civil Aerodrome at Juhu, Bombay, (Building Portion)". Total cost approximate Rs. 31,565/-

Tender forms, plans and conditions of contract will be obtainable from his Office on any working day between 11 A.M. and 4 P.M. at Rs. 5/4/- per copy which will not be refunded.

(2989)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 1518 of 1939.

SAYED IKRAM HUSSEIN MURTUZA HUSSEIN, ... Plaintiff.

Vs.

(1.) MURLIDHAR HEMRAJ, and (2.) CHATARBHUJDAS JESSASINGH, doing business under the name and style of Jessasing Chatarbhujdas, ... Defendants.

(1). MURLIDHAR HEMRAJ, (2) CHATARBHUJDAS JESSASINGH, the defendants abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff abovenamed has filed a suit against you to recover from you the sum of Rs. 10,200/- or such other sum as the Court may deem fit as and by way of damages, and for costs and that you are hereby summoned to appear in the Court on the 9th day of September, 1940, at 11 O'clock (Standard Time) forenoon in person or by an Advocate (O.S.) duly instructed by an Attorney of the Court to answer all material questions relating to the suit and that in default of your appearing on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 23rd day of July 1940.

MAZAGONWALLA & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Lentin Chambers,
Dalal Street, Fort.

Public Notices

"MACHINERY FOR SALE"

FOR SALE

AUTOMATIC DEVELOPING AND CINE PROCESSING MACHINES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that three Automatic Developing Outfits, property of Messrs. Agfa Photo Co., Ltd., Bombay, are offered for sale. The Machines are complete with cooling plants, drying and feeding cabinets, developing machinery, together with motors, fans, etc. and other accessories. Further particulars can be had on application to Messrs. AGFA PHOTO CO., LTD., Hornby Road, Bombay.

(3031)

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO..
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF 178 BALES OF YARN

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 26th inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) near Hanuman Temple, Tambakanta, by order of Sheth Narandas Topan and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Pavri Sons & Co.

178 Bales cotton yarn of The Jam Sholapur Mill, each bale of 400 Lbs. as under:—

21 Bales No. 10 1/2
37 Bales No. 12 1/2
20 Bales No. 16 1/2
100 Bales No. 20 1/2

Terms:—25 Per Cent. Deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

In BOMBAY
Arriving Next Week
on
'LOKMANYA'-DAY
The University-Lady of 1940

"Anuradha"
"Anuradha"

Accompanied by
Her College-Chums,
Her Parents & Brothers
Her Lover & Her Suitor
To DEMONSTRATE the
20th CENTURY Ideology of Marriage!

Watch Further Particulars in TO-MORROW'S ISSUE

HE COMMITTED THE SIN!

SOCIETY punished her.....
He repented...
But Society & his SON came in between his plan of making amends!

A STIRRING TALK OF TO-DAY
SINDHU'S MAIDEN PICTURE

AJ-ki-DUNIA

Directed By G. P. PAWAR
Featuring:
ASHALATA, TRILOK, JIVAN VATSALA KUMTHEKAR, GULAB, S. NAZIR & ors.

Releasing from To-morrow
AT
SUPER
3030. An EVERGREEN CIRCO RELEASE

"ROTLA" REMEDY STUNT

In this age of science miracles have no place, but the "Rotla" specific for all ailments is one which arrests the attention of those who hear about its miraculous cure of all diseases under the sun.

The "Rotla" remedy owes its origin to a young woman who was suffering from stinking leprosy and who wished to put an end to her miserable existence.

The story goes that just as she was about to throw herself in the sea a Sadhu appeared before her and advised her not to take that step as he knew of a sure remedy for this as well as all earthly diseases and as she was a chaste and faithful woman he would willingly give her the remedy.

He gave her something which looked like a piece of "Chappatty" or "Rotla", as it is called.

The woman took the "Rotla" home, did as she was told, following the Sadhu's instructions to the letter. Before 30 days had passed her disease was completely cured.

She picked out another lady and (Parsi of good family) who, she thought, deserved the "Rotla" treatment. Thus passing from one hand to another the "Rotla" remedy has finally arrived in Bombay.

The "Rotla" is claimed to have cured all diseases under the sun.

The public, however, are warned to take these stories with a pinch of salt as two eminent doctors and a surgeon, at least, who are reported to have tried this cure with satisfactory results, most definitely stated that they had never tried it nor do they intend to do so, as, instead of effecting a cure this "Rotla" business might do considerable harm.

THE CAPITOL

Tomorrow at 10 p.m.

Under the Patronage of
H. E. The GOVERNOR of Bombay

FOR THE WAR FUND

BOMBAY AMATEUR PLAYERS will present

"DAUGHTER OF IND"

A Delightful Indian Play by
S. FYZEE RAHAMIN

interspersed with MUSIC & DANCE

Prices: Rs. 5, Rs. 3 & Rs. 2

Other Performances:

Sat. July 27 At 10 p. m.
Sun. July 28 At 6-30 p.m.
Mon. July 29 At 6-30 p. m.

PRICES: Rs. 5-12; 3-6; 2-4 & 1-2.

Plans Open At
ROSE'S — CAPITOL

ROXY
Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45 p.m.

HINDUSTAN'S Refreshing Social

SAUBHAGYA

LADIES *please NOTE:*

On account of the uncertain time of A. R. P. practice, the Ladies Matinee at 1 p. m. To-day is cancelled.

WE ARE GLAD WE PRODUCED THIS PICTURE—YOU'LL BE GLAD WHEN YOU SEE IT!

NATIONAL STUDIOS'
"WOMAN"

Starring:
SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR, And YAKUB.

Director:—MEHBOOB

11th WEEK AT **PATHE**
3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Over Million Deaths Caused By Malaria: Rural Areas Worse Than Urban

SIMLA, July 24.

Of the six million persons, who die annually in India, between a million and a million and a half die from causes attributed to malaria.

Deaths from malaria are twice as frequent in rural areas as in urban areas.

These striking facts are revealed in an official report for 1939, which shows that only areas 5,000 feet above sea level are non-malarious.

Four widely-separated regions, namely, Eastern Bengal, the north-eastern portion of the Brahmaputra Valley in Assam, and two narrow strips of territory in Madras Presidency in the Northern Circars and around Madras city are relatively free from the disease. In the rest of India malaria is found in varying degrees of prevalence.

Describing malaria as the most important health problem in the country the report classifies it under three heads, urban, industrial and rural.

As regards urban areas, Bombay is mentioned as a centre where anti-mosquito measures have caused a marked decrease in incidence of malaria.

Rural malaria, says the report, provides the most difficult problem, since the communities to be protected are widely scattered and very poor.—A. P.

THANA CONGRESS TO FIGHT PROHIBITION SABOTAGE

Satyagraha Camp To Be Opened At Kalyan

(From Our Correspondent.)
THANA, July 23.

An important meeting of the Thana District Congress Committee was held here yesterday under the presidentship of Bhausaheb Paranjpye. About 60 members from all over the District were present prominent being Messrs Appasaheb Kirtane from Dahanu, G. D. Vartak, M.L.A. and Dr. Parulekar, Bassein, R. L. Rede, Thana, Acharya Bhise, Bordi and Kanji Govind M.L.A., Kalyan.

The meeting after considering the recent Government communique on prohibition lodged their protest against the sabotaging of prohibition and decided to carry on a campaign for re-introduction of the beneficial reform.

Four members from the Executive Committee having resigned their seats Messrs. Acharya Bhise, R. A. Samant, V. V. Subbarao and Mangaldas Rupchand Shah were declared duly elected to the Executive Committee.

By another resolution passed 'nem. con.' Acharya Bhise was appointed as the sole dictator for organizing Congress activities in Umbergaon Taluka, the local Congress Committee being "non est" due to the resignation of all the members.

The problem of opening of the "Satyagraha Shibir" at Kalyan from 4th August to 11th August at the hands of Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier of Bombay, was considered and the programme will be soon announced.

EDITOR OF 'CATHOLIC INDIA' WARNED

Pleads Guilty And Says Used Only 10 Candle-Power Bulb

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Five cases for violating lighting restrictions were decided today by Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court.

Mr. Francis Xavier Olivera, an employee of the Imperial Bank and Editor of "Catholic India", was arrested yesterday by the police for violating lighting restrictions. The rays of one of the lights of his rooms at Jamna Building, Carnac Road, were reflected on the road.

He pleaded guilty and stated that his bulb was only 10 candle power and he thought that it did not come under the restrictions. He hoped to be excused and assured the Court that he would take sufficient precaution in future.

The Magistrate admonished the accused and discharged him.

Convictions Under Lighting Rules

Manilal Keshavlal and Virjilal Thamajidas who were arrested by the City Police, last night under Light Restriction Rules were sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay fine of Rs. 20 each by the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, to-day

George Esprit, Gulam Hussain Bakim Hussain, Prabhudas Purshottam and Mohamad Hussain Fazul Hussain were also produced before the Magistrate on the same charge and sentenced to pay fines ranging from Rs. 15 to 5 in addition one day's simple imprisonment.

PITIABLE CONDITION OF SCHOOL HOUSE

Municipal Schools' Committee's Decision

That the walls of the building where the Clarke Road Marathi Girls' School is housed were infested by rats and mice and even by snakes, that its sanitary conditions were 'very bad' and it should be removed to some other premises immediately is contained in a report of the 'G' Ward Local Committee for the month of July.

The report was considered by the Municipal Schools' Committee at its meeting on Wednesday, and was referred to the Superintendent of the Municipal Schools for the Ward for report.

The report also stated that in the Mahim Upper Marathi Girls' School only three teachers out of eight were present on 8th July when the strength of the school was 240 and only 28 out of 65 pupils in the Mahim Gujarati Girls' School attended school on the same day. The matter was referred to the Superintendent of the schools.

TELUGU GIRLS' SCHOOL

The Schools' Committee also approved that a Telugu Girls' School be started at Worli in the premises of the Fergusson Road Marathi Boys' School as a morning school between 7.20 and 9.50 a.m. (B.T.). On Saturdays the school will work between 11 and 1-30 p.m. (B.T.).

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

L. P. Joshi, a clerk employed in the Co-operative Credit Society of Mackinnon Mackenzie and Co., was placed to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on a charge of criminal breach of trust as a servant in respect of Rs. 8,213.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be released on a bail of Rs. 5,000.

DROWNED IN SEA AFTER DAILY SWIM?

The dead body of Haji Mohammadali (32) a tea-shop-keeper at Tardev, was found floating in the sea at Hornby Vellard on Wednesday morning by a Civic Guard.

The inquest on the body has been adjourned to July 25

On a charge of inflicting injuries on the left arm of his kept mistress with a razor blade one Dattaram Bhai Salim was arrested by the Lamington Road police and placed to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum.

The Magistrate ordered him to be released on bail pending inquiries.

GROUNDS FOR CAVEAT

Important Decision Of Bombay High Court

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Kania)

Parwatibai ..... Petitioner
Versus
R. L. Kalzunkar ..... Caveator

The petitioner's husband one Mahadeo Ramaji Kalzunkar died intestate at Bombay on 18th April, 1938, leaving three daughters and a son. The petitioner claimed to be entitled to half the estate of the deceased which consisted of assets under the value of Rs. 2,565. The petitioner therefore applied on 16th October, 1939, for Letters of Administration to the estate of the deceased having effect throughout the Bombay Presidency. To this petition the Caveator filed a Caveat on 9th March, 1940, on the ground that all the property left by the deceased was joint family property and not the separate property of the deceased. An old decision of Mr. Justice Davar was urged in support of this contention. (14 Bom. L.R. 1031).

The question before the Court was whether or not this was a valid ground to sustain a caveat. In view of the fact that there is no recent reported decision on the point His Lordship's judgment is of considerable importance in practice.

JUDGMENT

His Lordship was of the opinion that it was not for the Testamentary Judge to determine whether the property alleged to belong to the deceased was covered by the will and was really the separate property of the deceased or whether it was joint family property standing in the name of the deceased. His Lordship expressed agreement with the decision of the Court of Appeal in the old Bombay case of O. N. Haridas v. D. J. Nanabhai (28 Bom. 644) and moreover His Lordship stated that the said decision was binding on His Lordship. In His Lordship's opinion a Testamentary Court had only to see first whether a will was properly executed by a testator of sound mind, or secondly, in the case of Letters of Administration, whether the petitioner was the person legally entitled to obtain the grant applied for. The dismissal of the Caveat would not prejudice the caveator for under Section 211 of the Indian Succession Act property belonging to the joint family would not vest in the Executor or Administrator. Moreover, it was open to the caveator to file a suit for the purpose of establishing that it was joint family property and to obtain a Receiver or an Injunction as against the Administrator. In His Lordship's view of the matter this was the uniform practice of our Court and His Lordship thought that it was based on sound reasons. His Lordship, therefore, held that the Caveat could not be sustained on this ground alone and ordered it to be dismissed. His Lordship directed that the petitioner's costs do come out of the estate of the deceased and not be paid by the Caveator in view of the fact that this was an important point on which a decision was necessary.

Mr. Mulgaokar instructed by Messrs. Mulgaokar & Co. appeared for the Petitioner.

Mr. S. M. Shah instructed by Messrs. Joshi & Co. appeared for the Caveator.

BOMBAY BOARD FOR EDUCATION IN HINDUSTANI

The Government of Bombay has made the following appointments to the Provincial Board for Education in Hindustani:

Miss Raihana Tyabji to be member-secretary of the Board, vice Mr. K. J. Dharmadhikari, resigned.

Mr. N. A. Nadvi, Lecturer in Urdu at the Ismail College, Andheri to be a member of the Board.

MADRAS, July 24.

The Governor, accompanied by Mr. W. T. Bryant, Private Secretary, arrived in Madras this morning after a short tour in South Malabar.—A. P.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 6, 1996
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 19, 1359
Parsi: Bahman 24, 1309
Hightide: 3-08; 15-15
Lowtide 8-44; 21-38
Sunrise: 6h. 13m.
Sunset: 7h. 17m.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

GOBAGANDHI—Harilal Vallabhdas died on Wednesday night. Funeral to-day from his Borivali Bungalow at 9-30 a.m. Uthamna ceremony at his residence on Friday, 26th at 4 p.m.

GHATKOPAR CIVIC WELCOME TO CONGRESS PRESIDENT

The Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality has passed a resolution to present an address of welcome to the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad on his forthcoming visit to Bombay in the next week.

WATOOL GRAM SANGH

Under the auspices of the Watool Gram Seva Sangh, Bombay, books of the respective classes were distributed by Mr. Chavan, Assistant Dy. Educational Inspector, Ratnagiri, who presided on the occasion, to all the students who passed in their annual examination in the primary school at Watool, in Ratnagiri district.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley attended by Mr. J. B. Irwin, Secretary to the Governor, Lt.-Colonel L. C. Paik, Military Secretary, Captain H. St. P. J. Bennett and Captain A. St. J. Shuttleworth, Aides-de-Camp left Kirkee for Bombay and arrived Bombay the same morning.

Lady Lumley presided at a meeting of the Ladies Committee of the War Gifts Fund at Electric House, Colaba.

The Governor of Bombay inspected detachments of the Civic Guards at the Naigaum Police Lines, Parel.

"HOW MANY TIMES HAVE YOU SEEN IT"?

They ask Their Neighbours

PRABHAT'S Proud Presentation

प्रभात चित्र
IT'S PRABHAT

DNYANESHWAR

Directed By:
DAMLE & FATEHLAL
Starring:
YESHWANT, SHAHU MODAK & SUMATI GUPTE
10th WEEK at
CENTRAL
MARATHI: 4, 7 p.m.
HINDI: 9-45 p.m.

TO-DAY LAST DAY
REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TYRONE POWER · DOROTHY LAMOUR
JOHNNY APOLLO
EDWARD ARNOLD · LLOYD NOLAN
FROM TO-MORROW
BORIS KARLOFF in BLACK FRIDAY
BELA LUGOSI

CAPITOL
TO-DAY AT 3-30 & 10 p. m.
TO-MORROW AT 4 & 6-30 p. m.
STAN LAUREL OLIVER HARDY
in RKO-RADIO'S
"FLYING DEUCES"
Sunday Morning
"BORN TO DANCE"
with ELEANOR POWELL

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"The Flying Deuces" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Johnny Apollo" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"North-West Passage" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Hitler—Beast of Berlin" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Too Many Husbands" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Soubhagya" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Ardhangi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bahurani" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Andhi" Daily at 4-45, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

Volunteer-Guards For Andheri And Jogeshwari

(From A Correspondent)

At an informal meeting under the auspices of the Andheri District Congress Committee, the Residents' Association and Hindu Friends' Society, held at Bhogilal Lehrchand Hall, Andheri on Sunday last, it was decided to form National Volunteer Guards to look after public safety and peace. Another meeting will be held after 15 days, to report on the progress made in enlisting the volunteers.

B. P. SOCIAL REFORM ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Association, a public meeting will be held to-day (Thursday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum, to celebrate the anniversary of the passing of the Hindu Widows' Remarriage Act, 1856. Hon. Mr. Justice H. V. Divatia will preside and Prof. V. G. Mydeo and Mr. G. R. Madbhavi will be the speakers.

VURJEEVANDASS MADOWDASS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY AT SION

During the month of June, 1940, the total number of patients treated in this dispensary was 629 among them the number of new admissions was 167. The average daily attendance was 25.

POSTAL NOTICE

It is hereby notified that the booking of insured articles for and from the following sub office and branch offices in account with it is temporarily suspended.

Supaul sub office ... Under the Bhagalpur H. O.

THEOSOPHICAL YOUTH CAMPAIGN

Mr. P. O. Upadhyaya, Miss Ratan Sakhalkar, Miss Nirmala Velji and others will speak on "Whether Art is a luxury or a necessity" in the Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. Mr. F. J. Ginwalla will preside.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE

Fasali Amardadgan Jashan festival will be celebrated at the Petit Fasali Atash Kadeh, New Marine Lines to-day (Thursday) at 5-15 p.m. Jashan ceremony will be performed and at 6-15 p.m. Dastur Framroze A. Bode will speak on "The ideas of perfection and immortality in the Zoroastrian religion."

KHADI PRINTING & DYEING WORKS, KHADI SHOP

A. I. S. A. Certified Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works, Khadi Shop, 95A, Vithalbhai Patel Road will remain closed on 25th and 26th July, (Thursday and Friday) on account of annual stock takings.

ROAD NAMED AFTER LATE ANANDILAL PODAR

The Notified Area Committee of Malad has done its bit to perpetuate the memory of the late Seth Anandilal Podar, the well-Known philanthropist, by naming after him the most prominent road at Malad, which leads to the Station from Ghod Bunder Road and beyond the northern railway level crossing towards the Physical Culture Institute, Kandivalee.

Assist A. R. P. Wardens

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

It is essential, in the interests of the public, that A.R.P. Wardens should be assisted in every possible way in the execution of their duty.

These Wardens are responsible men and women who have been appointed to assist in the protection of the civilian population of Bombay city and the suburbs. Certificates of authority have been issued to them and these certificates will be presented if and when asked for.

In order to make provision for the general protection of the populace, it is necessary to have certain detailed information. The public is, therefore, asked to co-operate with the A.R.P. organisation by supplying the Wardens with any information they require.

Governor Inspects Civic Guards

A few hundred members of the Bombay Civic Guards, Commander-Designate Mr. Rowland, Chief Officer of the Bombay Civic Guards, and Members of the Civic Guards Committee, were present at the Naigaum Police Parade Ground, on Wednesday evening at an inspection by His Excellency Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay.

His Excellency, inspected the Guards and spoke for a few minutes. He felicitated the recruits on the public spirit they showed and told them that they should be prepared for any emergency for the defence of the city when and if the need arose. Even otherwise, this training would be useful to them and they should be fully prepared and ready.

He thanked the members of the Civic Guard Committee for the interest they had evinced.

SALES OF TODDY

Prohibition In Prohibited Area

It is gathered from official circles that the Government of Bombay has decided to prohibit the sale of toddy in the prohibited areas.

Facilities which are now available for the sale and possession of foreign liquor will not be made available for the sale and possession of country liquor and toddy.

No official decision with regard to the future fate of the Prohibition Propaganda Board and its volunteers has yet been taken and it is understood that the question is still under the consideration of Government.

The United Provinces has already provided two thousand skilled workers for war purposes and work in munition factories all over India.—United Press.

SHIPS FOR EMERGENCY SERVICE

Commerce Member's Talks In Bombay

The problem of requisitioning ships on the British Register as well as those on the Indian Register, by the Naval authorities for emergency service, with due regard for the needs of normal trade is engaging the attention of Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member to the Government of India, who arrived in Bombay on Wednesday.

Mr. H. C. Prior, Additional Secretary, Mr. N. R. Pillai, Joint Secretary, Commerce Department and Captain H. L. Davis, Nautical Adviser to the Government of India, also arrived in Bombay in the same connection.

Soon after his arrival the Commerce Member met Rear-Admiral H. Fitz-Herbert, Flag Officer Commanding and Captain T. M. S. Milne-Henderson, representatives of the Royal Indian Navy. Discussion is understood to have centred round the best means of making ships available to the Naval authorities, with the minimum possible disturbance to normal trade

Subsequently Sir Ramaswamy met the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, headed by the President, Mr. C. P. Bramble and heard their representations regarding certain trade matters.

Later in the day Mr. M. A. Master, of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, saw the Commerce Member at the Taj Mahal Hotel and had a long conversation with him.

GRANTS FOR CO-OPERATIVE STORES

Commissioner's Recommendation To Corporation

The Municipal Corporation has been asked to grant a subsidy to the Municipal Co-operative Society to supply stores and start grain shops for the benefit of the working class people. In his letter to the Municipal Corporation, the Municipal Commissioner writes:

The chief difficulty for inaugurating such a scheme is lack of funds and in order to surmount this difficulty the Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Societies, has recommended that each Society wishing to start a Co-operative Store should be given by the Corporation a loan of Rs. 500 to 1,000 without interest and a subsidy of Rs. 200 per year towards its expenses.

I am of opinion that in the present abnormal circumstances the opening of grain shops by the Societies will be in the interest of our labour staff and I, therefore, endorse the suggestion of the Assistant Registrar. Co-operative Credit Societies regarding the grant of a loan of Rs. 1,000 without interest to each Society and of a subsidy of Rs. 200 per year.

If these stores are well managed it would be possible to repay the loan and to do without any subsidy within less than 3 years. This concession should therefore be granted for a period of only 3 years provided the management of the Stores by the Societies is found to be satisfactory.

This matter came before the Standing Committee on Wednesday and it was sent to the Law Committee for report.

HYDERABAD(DN.) HINDU CONFERENCE

Nationalist Leaders Advocate Boycott

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 24

For the first time, Hindus of the State are mustering strong to hold the ensuing session of the State Hindu Conference on a large scale, which leaders like Dr. Moonje, Bhai Permanand and Mr. Chandkaran Sharda will attend.

A huge pandal has been erected on the Vivek Vardhini grounds for the Conference to be held on 26, 27 and 28 July, under the presidency of Mr. Ambadasrao, a leading Advocate of the local Bar. It is expected that Dr. Moonje will arrive here on Friday, and other leaders to-morrow.

A mild controversy is raging in the local press between the Nationalists and Mahasabhites regarding the Conference. Leaders connected with the defunct State National Conference have issued a statement prohibiting nationalists from taking part in the Hindu Conference, while the Andhra Conference Working Committee has passed a resolution declaring the activities of the State Hindu Praja Mandal as communal prohibiting its members from attending the Hindu Conference.

Rupee Notes To Be Issued

Govt. Of India Promulgates Ordinance

SIMLA, July 24.

An Ordinance is issued to-day to provide for the issue and putting into circulation of Government of India one rupee notes.

The Ordinance is to come into force at once.

It lays down that "notwithstanding anything contained in the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934, the Central Government may issue Government of India notes of the denominational value of one rupee and any such note shall be current in British India in the same manner and to the same extent and as fully as the silver coin called the Government rupee issued under the provisions of the Indian Coinage Act 1906 shall be legal tender in British India for the payment of any amount and shall be deemed to be included in the expression "Rupee Coin" and for all the purposes of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

Provided that a Government of India one rupee note issued under this Ordinance shall be deemed not to be a currency note for any of the purpose of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934."

The Ordinance provides for the addition of the following sub-section to Section 36 of the Reserve Bank of India Act:

"At the close of any week in which the amount of rupee coin held in the assets, as shown in the weekly accounts of the Issue Department for that week, is less than 50 crores of rupees or one-sixth of the total amount of the assets as so shown, whichever may be the greater, the Central Government may, with the consent of the bank, deliver to the bank rupee coin up to the amount of such deficiency against payment of legal tender value."

1935 Notes To Be Sent Out

It will take some time before adequate supplies of new one rupee notes are available, says a communique, and Government propose to make a start by the issue of notes which were prepared to meet a contingency of another nature in 1935, but which proved unnecessary at the time and which have since been held in stock so as to be available, if required.

These 1935 notes are printed on paper bearing as a watermark the head of His Late Majesty King George Fifth and are three and five-eighth inches by two and one-eighth inch in size.

Owing to the large number required, the rapidity with which they had to be prepared and the difficulty of obtaining suitable paper in adequate quantity it has been found necessary to make the rupee notes to be issued initially smaller in size than the rupee notes issued during the last war so as to obtain the maximum number of prints on each sheet and it is the intention of Government to replace the smaller notes with notes of larger size as soon as possible.

The new notes are being printed at the Government of India Security Printing Press, Nasik Road, but as it will take some time before adequate supplies are available.

The new notes which will be issued some time later will be 4" by 2¼" but in other respect similar in design. They will bear the signature Mr. C. E. Jones, Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department.—A. P.

ISSUE TO TAKE PLACE "VERY SHORTLY"

SIMLA—The exact date for the issue of the one-rupee notes is not definitely known, but it is authoritatively learnt that the issue will take place very shortly.—A. P.

CENTRAL ADVISORY BOARD OF HEALTH

POONA, July 24.

The three-day session of the Central Advisory Board of Health concluded its deliberations at Poona to-day. It is understood that the next meeting of the Board will be held in Calcutta.—A.P.

30-Year 4 P. C. Loan For Bombay Port Trust

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay a resolution was passed expressing the Trustees' regret at the resignation from the Board of Mr. Meyer Nissim and placing on record their appreciation of his valuable service to the Trust during his term of office as a Trustee extending to nearly 14 years.

The Trustees decided to make necessary application to Government for approval to their proposal to raise during the current year a 30-year 4 per cent Loan for Rs 8 lakhs to meet future capital expenditure; the loan will be taken up internally by the Trust for the investment of cash balances of the Revenue Reserve and other Funds.

A supplementary estimate of Rs. 3,71,290, representing unspent capital grants of 1939-40 required during the current year, was sanctioned subject to the sanction of Government. Sanction was also accorded to expenditure estimates aggregating Rs. 27,500 for various renewal and replacement works.

A lease of about 173,670 square yards of land at Mazagon-Sewri was granted to Government for use as a temporary Ordnance Depot for a maximum term of 10 years; and a 7-year lease of part of the Sagar Press Godown, Sassoon Dock, was granted to Corn Products Ltd., the lessees of two adjoining godowns.

The Board agreed to the termination of the lease of a magazine at Antop Hill, held from the Anglo-Thai Corporation since 1919 for providing storage facilities for merchants' gunpowder, as the magazine no longer complies in respect to safety distances with the requirements of the Explosives Act.

NEW DEFENCE BONDS ISSUED

At 3 Per Cent. Repayable In 1946

The Government of India 3 per cent. Defence Bonds 1946, repayable at Rs. 101 for every Rs 100 nominal on the 1st August, 1946 and bearing interest at 3 per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly, which interest will be liable to income-tax, will be obtainable with effect from the 1st August 1940 until further notice.

The Bonds will be available at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras, at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places in India, and at all Government treasuries.

INTERESTS.

The first interest payment due on the Bonds for the full half-year ending the 31st January 1941 will be made on the 1st February 1941, and thereafter interest will be payable half-yearly on the 1st of August and the 1st of February. No interest will accrue on the Bonds after the date fixed for repayment.

The prices at which the Bonds can be purchased are as follows:—

Bonds purchased on any date from the—

	Price per Rs. 100 nominal Rs. a. p.
1st August 1940 to the 10th August 1940	100 0 0
12th August 1940 to the 17th August 1940	100 0 9
19th August 1940 to the 24th August 1940	100 1 6
26th August 1940 to the 31st August 1940	100 2 3

and thereafter at prices increasing by 9 pies per cent. weekly up to the 31st January 1941. This weekly increase approximates to the net interest which accrues weekly on the Bonds.

CONVERSION TERMS.

5 per cent. Loan, 1940-43, will be received in payment of the purchase price of the Bonds at its full maturity value, that is to say, as Rs. 100 for Rs. 100 nominal of the Loan tendered. If the maturity value of the Loan tendered is not an exact multiple of the issue price per cent. of the Bonds, the tenderer will receive in cash, at the time of issue of the new securities, the amount by which the value of the Loan tendered exceeds the nearest lower multiple of the issue price.

Facilities For Big Investors

SIMLA, July 24.

A fresh issue of six year 3 per cent. Defence Bonds on the same conditions as previously notified but without any limit for individual holdings and repayable for every Rs. 100 nominal on the August 1, 1946, is announced for August.

FACILITIES FOR BIG INVESTOR

Representations have been received from the public that the existing limit of Rs. 15,000 for the maximum amount that may be subscribed by an individual holder and the restriction of market ability caused both by this limit and the variable date of maturity of the present bonds has been hampering investment. So as to remove this restriction and to provide facilities for the larger investors to subscribe to the loan and to assist in the war effort, the Government of India have decided to withdraw the present limited issue with effect from August 1, 1940, and from that date to issue a fresh loan with a fixed maturity date on the same favourable terms but without any limit as to subscription.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P. M.
TELEPHONE 31045

NORTHWEST PASSAGE
Book I—Rogers Rangers
Spencer TRACY with ROBT. YOUNG
WALTER BRENNAN · RUTH HUSSEY · NAT PENDLETON
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

TO-MORROW
GALA PREMIERE AT 10 P. M.
OF

नवयुग चित्र

NAVYUG Chitrapat Ltd.'s Maiden Social Hit
LAPANDAV
(HIDE AND SEEK)
Starring: MEENAXEE, VANMALA, WINAYAK, BABURAO PENDHARKAR, SALVI & PAWAR.
Sjt. V. SHANTARAM
(The Renowned Prabhat Director)
will preside on the occasion—
AT
NEW WEST END
RELEASED THRU' PEERLESS PICTURES, Bombay 4.

'ASPRO' BANISHES 'FLU IN ONE NIGHT

Thousands of people have proved that 'ASPRO' will definitely smash up a 'flu attack in one night. So why get the 'flu? Why not try 'ASPRO' as soon as you feel the 'flu coming on. If you could foresee the complications—the lying up—the loss of time—the depression—feverishness and weakness that can be avoided by taking 'ASPRO' at the inception of the 'flu attack you WOULD NOT HESITATE A MOMENT. To prevent 'flu you must act. If you act by taking 'ASPRO' you obtain quick-action results. Two 'ASPRO' Tablets and a hot lemon drink will definitely smash up the 'flu attack in one night. Be forewarned—be prepared by keeping 'ASPRO' handy. Then you can MAKE THE SEASON A "FLULESS" ONE. Furthermore, ORDINARY COLDS—RHEUMATISM—ACHES AND PAINS YIELD TO IT TOO

READ THESE 'FLU ATTACK STOPPED

Dear Sir,
I am writing with reference to your 'ASPRO' which I am sure has saved me from having the 'flu. I got up one morning and could hardly stand. I had no strength. I suddenly thought of 'ASPRO' and sent my son down to get me some. I took one and I can honestly say I felt a different woman in less than ten minutes, thanks to 'ASPRO'. I shall never be without them.
My husband has great faith in it too. I have given them to my children and find they are better than any medicine I have ever taken.
Yours respectfully,
Mrs. POWELL.

INFLUENZA COLD GOES THANKS TO 'ASPRO'

Dear Sirs,
I feel I must let you know of the benefit I have received from your wonderful tablets. I have just got over an influenza cold thanks to 'ASPRO'. I was advised to take them by my wife who is a firm believer in 'ASPRO' for headaches. In future I will not hesitate to recommend them to anyone.
Yours sincerely,
(Sd.) E. J. WOODS.

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I wish to let you know the good results I have had by taking your 'ASPRO'. For years I was held up by rheumatism and always in great pain, and could not do my work properly or sleep at night for it.
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(Sd.) Mrs. B. GIBSON.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1940.

COMMUNAL HARMONY

Of the various schemes suggested for the solution of the communal problem in India not the least interesting is the one propounded in a small pamphlet entitled "Communal Harmony" and published by the Indian Branch of the Oxford University Press. It is written by an English Professor, Dr. Percival Spear, who has resided for several years in India. The book is a thoroughly constructive effort and its 28 pages can be easily read at a stretch; and they will set the reader thinking on constructive lines. That is the main merit of the book, whether or not its scheme is acceptable in its entirety to those concerned.

Communal Guilds

The author thinks that the communal bitterness prevails in India "just because the communal question is not realised to be a cultural question" And he suggests: "On the homeopathic principle we should cure communal bitterness by adding a tincture of communalism itself to our institutions". If in this way each community is enabled to feel that it is free to promote its own culture in its own way, it will, the writer believes, gladly co-operate in all national affairs. And to this end the writer's main suggestion is as follows: Parallel to the ordinary Government administering general subjects, there should be, in the Provinces and at the Centre, a guild for each recognised minority community, elected by its own members and administering subjects "peculiar to a community and its communal life", such as "personal law and social customs of each community, the religious establishments and places of worship; and all those things which form the vehicles of traditional culture, such as language literary traditions and the cultural element of education". The guild "would have the power to impart to schools of its members its own cultural flavour without interfering with the main educational framework." The communal guilds will also have legislative authority. Each will lay down the personal and private law of the community and all the guilds collectively will form a Second Chamber in which each will be equally represented. "This Chamber would review all legislation and any proposal opposed unanimously by the representatives of one guild would not be passed".

Not Practicable Without Modification

We fear that the proposal is not half as practicable as it is novel. It is not a homeopathic dose of communalism either. It is a pretty large allopathic dose proposed to be given to a patient who has already had too large a dose of the poisonous stuff. If it is suggested, as it seems to be, that students in general are to be divided in separate communal schools, the proposal stands self-condemned. And if it is proposed to permit the representatives of one communal guild in the Second Chamber to veto by their unanimous vote any legislation of the general legislature and not merely the legislation on subjects left entirely to this Chamber, it is a fantastic and dangerous proposal, particularly because the larger States are expected to have guilds of their own, each one having the power to block general legislation. The writer unduly exaggerates the cultural differences of the different communities in India, though some of his proposals, with due modifications, can be useful in safeguarding special cultural interests, where marked differences really exist. The more one studies the communal question the more is one convinced that it is best solved by the masses who best realise the identity of their economic interests and who can give communal considerations their due place in the general scheme of administration.

Balkan Imbroglio

The Balkans are again living up to their historic reputation. The situation there is, once more, as obscure and confusing as it can be. Rumania, which is the centre of the whole excitement, does not herself know where she stands. She is a pro-Axis state. But she is supposed to have passed into Russian sphere of influence. Later, her Prime Minister and Foreign Minister are invited to Berlin and their presence in Berlin coincides with an outburst in Hungary, the keynote of which is that "the fate of Rumania is sealed". If Herr Hitler has transferred Rumania to Russian influence, has Russia consented to allow part of her sphere, Transilvania, to be passed on to an Axis protectorate? And has she also consented to a settlement of Bulgaria's claim upon Rumania—both under *her* sphere of influence—by Germany? These are difficult questions to answer. And, finally, Reuter's Bucharest correspondent seems to be under the impression that Rumania may now well decide to resist all territorial claims.

College Fees

The complaint is becoming common that the fees charged by colleges are too heavy even for the middle class people, and that the burden becomes heavier because the fees for a whole term are demanded in advance. The usual reply to the complaint is that the poor who cannot pay the fees have no business to aspire to higher education for their children. This may be the only view that snobs are capable of, but it is a wrong view. Higher Education is primarily for those who have better brains, and and it should be made available to them in the interests of society as a whole. As for the practice of demanding six months' fees in advance, there is nothing to justify it except that it has been the practice these many years.

College education is becoming too costly and the problem must be considered seriously both by Government and the University. The average fee is about Rs. 160 per year, which is certainly too high for a poor country like India. Several selected secondary schools can well be permitted to prepare students for the Intermediate Arts Examination. The shift system, of which the Bombay Government seem to be so enamoured, can work better in colleges than in primary schools, if only because the students in the former can help themselves to a large extent with the help of libraries.

Why Britain Is Confident Of Success

By Major D. H. COLE, M.B.E., M.A., Litt.D., A.E.C.

(Author of the "Imperial Military Geography")

To the elderly mugwumps and the more youthful jitterlings who whisper gloom and despondency at present a course of history is recommended. Let them read the story of 1757-1763, of 1807-1815 and above all of 1917 and 1918 as a corrective to their pessimism.

To-day Europe is dominated by Germany, as it was in 1917. Then Germany and her allies the Austrian Empire, Turkey and Bulgaria controlled nearly all the continent from the North Sea to the Aegean; all the Balkan States except Greece were under their control. Syria, Palestine, part of Iraq and most of Arabia were enemy territory.

In the west, Belgium, except for a minute fragment, was occupied by German forces; so also were Northern France with its coal and industries and Lorraine with its iron resources.

Italy's Helplessness In 1917

Italy was barely holding her own on land against Austrian troops; later in the year she lost 600,000 men and 3,000 guns at Caporetto and had to be reinforced by 10 divisions of British and French troops. On the sea she could not maintain her position in the Adriatic without British assistance. Economically she was then, as to-day, a liability and not an asset to her allies.

In France, in May 1917, after an ill-conceived offensive launched by Nivelle, a serious crisis had arisen. Whole divisions of the French Army, their morale sapped by defeat and pacifism, were in a state approaching mutiny.

The Russian revolution had broken out and Russia, henceforth, was practically out of the war. The United States had just entered the war as "an associated Power" in April, but could bring no effective help on land or in the air for another year.

The German War Lords confidently calculated that such help would come too late to save Britain from defeat. The only bright gleam to relieve the gloom was the capture of Baghdad in March 1917.

U-Boat Warfare

On the sea, the unrestricted U-boat campaign was at its height. There were 150 German submarines in commission and no answer had been found to meet this menace. In April 1917 Britain lost 169 ships and starvation and defeat within six months seemed almost inevitable.

Assistance from the United States was still meagre; Japan's help consisted of the loan of about half a dozen destroyers in the Mediterranean Sea. Meantime, our allies had to be kept supplied by sea and six or more overseas theatres of war had to be maintained with reinforcements and supplies.

The few neutral States still left in Europe—Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Holland, Switzerland, Spain and Greece—were riddled with German agents and, in the main, were acting, partly under German compulsion, as centres of anti-British espionage and as forwarding agents to defeat the British blockade.

Britain Bore The Brunt Of It All

In brief, for the greater part of 1917 the British Navy had to bear almost the entire burden of defeating the enemy at sea and the armies of the British Empire bore most of the strain on land. Those of us who lived through that year may remember an occasional inward secret questioning—"can we do it"? The ensuing year showed what the British Commonwealth when fully organized could achieve.

Yet past history is not sufficient grounds for an easy optimism. War was then more leisurely because less mechanized; air power was in its infancy and the modern resources of propaganda to sap morale and destroy cohesion had not reached their present perfection. An assessment of our present position must not rely on the old British maxim of "muddling through". It must be based on certainties. What are the certainties on which we can count?

Raw Material Position

First, Germany, though she once again dominates Europe, must as in 1917-1918, find herself short of many essential raw materials. The total European production of petroleum, including 27,000,000 tons in Russia and 7,000,000 tons in Rumania is only 36,000,000 tons, which is far short of European requirement.

Europe produces practically no cotton, jute, rubber, very little vegetable oils, only half its requirements of wool, none of its tea or cocoa. Eighty per cent of its nickel, a large proportion of its tin and most of its ferro-alloys are brought in by sea. Naval supremacy, therefore, once again, as in 1917 and 1918, must exercise a slow but paralysing effect in the economic theatre of war.

Recent events have shown that the naval power of the British Commonwealth has lost none of its vigour. The tragic story of the French navy gives no pleasure to the British people; to the Germans it must have given a feeling of frustration and exasperation.

Bubble Pricked

Counting on the easy surrender of the French Fleet as a reinforcement of German naval strength must have been a pleasing occupation. Now that bubble has been pricked. All the French battleships, except the uncompleted "Jean Bart," one of the two battle cruisers, most of the 10,000 tons cruisers and 200 smaller craft have up to date been demobilized or put out of action for the remainder of this war by the Royal Navy.

British naval supremacy remains unimpaired and is the first guarantee of ultimate victory. To-day, the British Navy has a superiority over the combined German, Italian and remaining French ships far in excess of the superiority which we possessed over our enemies in 1917.

The British merchant navy, enlarged by additions from our allies, Norway, Holland and Belgium, now totals 22,000,000 tons or 2,000,000 tons more than we possessed at the beginning of 1917. Its spirit is unimpaired. Its protection against submarine, mine and aircraft is far superior to any devised in the last war. This is plainly evident from the fact that our total shipping losses since the war began are less than they were in the single month of April 1917.

Shipping Losses Offset

Moreover, our shipping losses are now far more than offset by new construction both naval and mercantile. Management and labour alike in Britain are, as never before, united in an effort to win. Non-essentials are being omitted and nearly 4,000,000 tons of new shipping is under construction yearly.

Two things are necessary to Germany if she is to win naval supremacy and air supremacy. She does not possess the former. What of the latter? Figures cannot be given but several things are certain.

First, British pilots and British machines are better than those of the enemy. On the average, in air battles which have taken place, the German losses have been two and a half times as great as the British losses. Second, British production together with imports from America now more than equal, and shortly will considerably exceed, enemy production. Every day that passes thus brings the British Commonwealth closer to complete air superiority.

In this the whole Empire is co-operating by training pilots, many of whom have already taken a valiant part in air operations in Europe and Africa. India, though late in the field, is now doing her bit also. Great aircraft industries have been established in Canada and Australia, and India has taken the initial steps with a view to starting the construction of aircraft here.

In Britain itself as a deterrent against an invasion of the heart and citadel of the Europe are 1,500,000 men under arms, now reinforced by the British Expeditionary Force lately evacuated from Flanders and ready to be used outside the British Isles where and when the strategic situation may demand.

Never has England been better

(Continued on page 6, col. 4)

Sir Chimanlal On Mr. Kher's Statement

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is a pity that Mr. B. G. Kher, in order to repel the charge that the Congress Government was very hasty and did not observe due care and caution while initiating the Prohibition programme, has been unchivalrous enough to try to put the responsibility for the muddle on the Law Officers of Government. He says that before his Government issued the notification of July 1939, the Government Law Officers had carefully considered the question of its legality and had advised Government that it was a valid and legal notification. I for one refuse to attribute to the Law Officers (Mr. Kher does not particularise the Law Officers they consulted for there are several of them) such incompetence as to advise Government that Section 14B of the Abkari Act which gives power to the Provincial Government to prohibit the possession "by any person or class of persons" which obviously means any designated persons or designated class of persons, of any intoxicant can be utilised to prohibit such possession by the public generally. In any event, I cannot conceive their not advising Government that the attempt to prohibit the public generally under the expression "any person or class of persons", was so very doubtful that there was the possibility of its being successfully challenged. Mr. Kher does great injustice to himself and to Mr. Munshi who are both lawyers of standing and experience by implying that they themselves could have thought that it was plain sailing that the public generally can be pohibited under the expression "any person or class of persons." The manifest difficulty of bringing in the public generally under the expression "any person or class of persons" was patent to the Congress Government for when they amended the Abkari Act for the purpose of prohibiting the publication of advertisements about intoxicants in newspapers, they, in the new section enacted for that purpose, used the expression "any individual, class of individuals or the public generally."

So much for the plea that the notification of July, 1939 was issued after very careful consideration and on the deliberate advice of the Law Officers. The real reason for the issue of the notification of such extremely doubtful validity is disclosed by Mr. Kher himself. He says that the Congress Government intended to enact a full-fledged and carefully drafted Prohibition Act, but there was no time to put through such legislation as the Legal Department and the Legislature were busy with other important measures. It is thus clear that the Congress Government were so much in a hurry to push through their Prohibition policy that they dropped the idea of a proper Prohibition legislation and tried to give effect to that policy by a short-cut of a notification under the Abkari Act which proved so disastrous. Why was there all this hurry? The heavens were not going to fall by a few months' delay. The real explanation is that the Congress Government was determined to force down the throats of people all their fads and were contemptuous of all opposition. They forgot that genuine democracy does not rest on mere counting of heads and that the very soul of democracy is compromise and adjustment. They brushed aside unceremoniously all opposition and were even vindictive against such opposition as is exemplified by the issue of the Order under Section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code against the Editor of the "Jame Jamshed" which was held to be illegal and was set aside by the High Court.

(Continued on page 6, col. 7)

Frankly Speaking

A Nazi Failure

According to the British Admiralty announcement mercantile losses due to enemy action for the week ended July 14-15 have amounted to 61,032 tons. This figure, because it is less than half of the total tonnage (114,000) lost during the preceding week, is very interesting and instructive—although it need not be necessarily expected that it will not be exceeded, sometimes substantially. For it was during the period to which the figure relates that the Nazis started attacking shipping with great fury particularly in the channel, suffering, incidentally, serious losses in the air. It is clear that their attacks failed. Then, again, it is announced from Sydney that more Australian troops and nurses, who embarked in the last week of May, have now arrived in England safely. The conclusion from all this is obvious, namely, that inspite of U-boat and aerial activities Nazi claims of having blockaded Britain are worse than gross exaggeration.

Paying For Victory

The main feature of Sir Charles Kingsley Wood's budget—to provide for an estimated war expenditure of no less than 2,800 million pounds—is neither its colossal figure nor the all round increase in taxation which goes to make it up. It is, on the contrary, the almost unanimous criticism that the budget was too orthodox and too mild to meet the situation. Different newspapers have, naturally, attacked it from different angles. But they all insist that the war needs better and bolder financing. There is a deliberate, indeed, an eager spirit of self-sacrifice running through these comments. And, as one paper—and a Tory one—quite rightly remarks, "there is plenty of fat on the body corporate, which can be stripped off during the next two or three years". Clearly Britain is not only prepared but grimly anxious to pay for victory.

Monstrous Action

How completely the Petain Government of France is under the thumb—or heel—of Hitler is tragically evidenced by the report that M. Daladier and three other ex-Ministers are to be tried "for the part they played in declaring and conducting war against Germany". Three other ex-Ministers and a Deputy are also reported to be under orders of court martial as deserters! Such procedure is as unprecedented as it is preposterous and will appear revolting to every decent man. But decency is not a virtue in the Totalitarian code and this exhibition of monstrous vindictiveness against—of all people—M. Daladier, whose vacillation was the prime cause of France's downfall and the present dictatorship, will finally remove the last vestige of doubt which the outside world may have entertained about the real character of the Petain Government.

That Expansion

According to the latest communication from Simla as many men as possible are being recruited for the Army as fast as possible and are being as well trained and equipped as possible. In short, nothing is left to be desired. There are no provincial or communal restrictions either. The Biharis, for instance, are graciously permitted to serve the Empire in the Labour Corps. India perhaps is the only part of the Empire where Government are supremely satisfied with what has been done and is being done for defence. So far, however, as the people are concerned, they believe, with Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, that "while the military policy was adequate enough to defend British interests in India against internal disorders, it was utterly inadequate for every other purpose" and that it has "enfeebled the whole nation, creating a psychology of helplessness."

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, July 24.

M. Daladier, a former Prime Minister of France, and three other ex-Ministers are to be tried by a French Court "for the part they played in declaring and conducting war against Germany."

Three other French ex-Ministers and a Deputy are to be court-martialled by a military court as deserters.—Reuter.

* * * *

The Bengal Premier has announced that the Holwell Monument will be removed.

Let it be done at once, otherwise, Mr. Fazlul Huq may change his mind and send up an apology to the late Mr. Holwell saying that he was carried away by emotions of the moment.

* * * *

There has been, we notice, a difference of opinion as to whether the Monument should be removed to the cemetery or demolished.

Personally, we don't mind if it is given, at last, a decent burial in the European cemetery.

* * * *

"Greetings were sent to M. Stalin"—Lithuanian Diet's proceedings.

That was, of course, implicit in the arrangement.

* * * *

The Prime Ministers and Foreign Ministers of Rumania and Bulgaria have been invited to Berlin, says the German News Agency.

M. Stalin, however, is fully occupied with the three new toys that he has just got, says the Junior Colleague.

* * * *

"MOSCOW, July 24.

Sir Stafford Cripps yesterday called at the Soviet Foreign Office where he saw M. Lozosky, Vice-Commissar for Foreign Affairs. The interview is stated to have been of a routine character."—Reuter.

How disappointing!

* * * *

Mr. Sumner Welles has denounced, on behalf of the United States, the absorption of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania by the U. S. S. R.

Right. Quite right. But in the meantime Mr. Welles has forged another link between Nazi Germany and the U. S. S. R.

* * * *

At a conference of British representatives and key figures in the United States defence programme there was, according to a New York report, unanimity "that all possible aid should be given to Britain."

And that's that.

* * * *

Additional units of the U.S. fleet are reported to have left Honolulu for "secret manoeuvres."

Lest the Japanese get annoyed?

* * * *

Baltic Consuls In London Throw A Bombshell

—Headline.

Have they joined the German Air Force?

* * * *

She: 'Who's that man with the funny face?'

He: 'My brother.'

She: 'Sorry. Silly of me not to notice the resemblance.'

"DAUGHTER OF IND"

The resuscitation of this playlet by S. Fyzee Rahamin for the War Fund has prompted the New Book Company of Bombay to publish it in book form. Those who have seen the dress rehearsal by the Bombay Amateur Players speak very highly of the entertainment value of the production.

A spineless don fresh from Oxford, a choleric Colonel in the Blimp tradition, a man-servant who cuts Shavian epigrams, a Brahmin and a money-lender, a classical narrator and various sundry spirits hovering about these are the characters human and astral of the "Daughter of Ind".

Of course, there is the heroine herself, the daughter of the gardner, with whom the Sahib falls in love, almost at first sight. The girl, too, returns the amour but is too philosophical to marry the Don and ends by being stabbed by the man to whom she was originally betrothed!

Melodramatic, maybe, it will be found on the stage. Weak in conception and involved in execution, the playlet may amuse Anglo-India but the Indian of 1940 will dismiss it as slightly comic.

The best item of the play must be its music by Atiya Begum—which is *not* included in this publication.

Collective Security Move: Machinery Taking Shape

ESTABLISHING CONTROL OVER EUROPEAN POSSESSIONS IN U. S. A.

NEW YORK, July 24.

The machinery whereby American Republics could have taken over any European country's Western Hemisphere possession in the event of its attempted transfer to non-American sovereignty is rapidly taking shape and signs are increasing that the problem will be the outstanding one at the Pan-American Conference, says the "New York Times" Washington correspondent.

A rough draft of the proposed convention providing the 'modus operandi' for "collective trusteeship" has been formally prepared as a basis for discussion by the Committee on the Maintenance of Peace of which Mr. Cordell Hull is the Chairman.

While there will be hesitancy on the part of Argentina, Chile, Uruguay and perhaps Brazil and others on the issue of a blank cheque for trusteeship which the United States must inevitably dominate, it can be seen that several proposals already incorporated in the draft would tend to lessen such an apprehension.—Reuter.

Secret Session Of Havana Conference

HAVANA, July 23.

The Pan-American Conference held a Secret Session to-day. Mr. Cordell Hull was elected President of the Commission for the Preservation of Peace.

Senator Suarez, Mexican Finance Minister, was elected head of the Economic Affairs Commission and Senator Melo of Argentina, head of the Neutrality Commission.—Reuter.

BRITISH VICTORY IS TRIUMPH FOR CHRISTIAN CIVILISATION

BUENOS AIRES, July 24.

In a cable to Mr. Churchill Doctor Carlos Pueyrredon, big Argentine cattle king and President of the Argentine Pro-Ally Commission, asserts that British triumph in war will be triumph for Christian civilisation and says "if the invasion of Britain is attempted, we are confident that the invaders will not return to their bases."—Reuter.

50 P. C. Of Poultry And Cattle In Denmark Killed

WASHINGTON, July 24.

President Roosevelt stated at a press conference that he had received recently reports, unofficial and not yet verified, that as much as 50 per cent of cattle, hogs and poultry in Denmark have been killed and the carcasses sent to Germany.—Reuter.

Independence For European Colonies In America

HAVANA, July 24.

Colonel Batista, President-Elect of Cuba states that he favours complete independence for all European colonies in America.

He promises that should Spanish Falangists begin activities in Cuba, thus endangering Cuban sovereignty, he would stamp them out immediately.—Reuter.

Ex-Emperor Of Ethiopia Back In Africa

"Premature To Make Statement On Abyssinia", Says Butler

LONDON, July 24.

In the House of Commons, Mr. R. A. Butler stated that Emperor Haile Selassie has now returned to Africa. He added that it would be premature to make any statement on the situation in Abyssinia at the present time.

So far as he was aware, said Mr. Butler, the composition of the Belgian Government had not altered since the invasion of the Low Countries on May 10. The Belgian Ministers with the exception of the Ministers of Colonies and Health were believed to be in the unoccupied part of France.

LEAFLETS OVER FRANCE

Asked whether he would arrange for dropping of leaflets over France, Mr. Duff-Cooper said that leaflets containing information both regarding Armistice terms and the French Fleet had in fact already been dropped over France. It was proposed to continue and extend dropping of leaflets over France with a view to keeping the French people informed of the facts of the situation. The possibility of utilising the services of prominent Frenchmen in this country was being kept under consideration.

NEWSPAPER SALES DURING ENEMY INVASION

Mr. Duff-Cooper was asked whether any arrangements had been made in the event of any region of Britain being cut off during enemy invasion to secure distribution of newspapers on the widest scale possible.

The Minister of Information replied that he understood that adequate arrangements had been made both by National and Provincial newspapers on their own account to secure distribution, should such a period of emergency arise.

ADVANCES TO FRENCH VOLUNTEERS

Negotiations were proceeding with representatives of General De Gaulle as to the rates and emoluments to be fixed for payment of French volunteers, said Sir Edward Grigg, Under Secretary for War, in the House of Commons.

In the meantime, advances had been issued to them on a provisional scale. Similar negotiations were proceeding with Poland. Advances had been made to Polish troops and also to the Czechs.

In the case of Norwegians, Dutch and Belgians, payment of these troops had been undertaken by the Governments concerned at their own rates.—Reuter.

SECRET SESSION OF HOUSE OF LORDS

LONDON, July 24.

When the House of Lords met this afternoon, it went into a secret session and discussed the Government's foreign policy.—Reuter.

ANDERSON CLIMBS DOWN

E. P. Defence Bill In Commons

LONDON, July 24.

The House of Commons resumed consideration in committee of the Emergency Powers Defence Bill which provides powers for trial of offences by special courts in certain areas. As the Bill stands at present, it is laid down that the proceedings of such courts shall be the subject of no review. Criticism had been advanced in this respect, and today, Sir John Anderson declared that it was never in the mind of the Government to exclude a review in case of the prerogative of mercy. In cases of capital or lesser sentences, everyone had the right to appeal to the clemency of the Crown and in the case of death sentence, before it could be carried out, a review was made by the Home Secretary as a matter of course, irrespective of any appeal.

He suggested that insertion of amendments on the report stage would go a long way to meet misgivings. Sir John added that he was quite willing to propose insertion of words to make it quite clear that provision must be made by regulation for securing that no death sentence shall be carried out until the question of reprieve has been duly considered.—Reuter.

READ FOR THIRD TIME

The Emergency Powers Bill was read for the third time without division.

German Missionary Arrested

CUTTACK, July 24.

One German missionary has been arrested and is being sent to the Concentration Camp.—United Press.

Acceleration Of Plane Deliveries

All Possible Aid To Britain: Unanimous Verdict Of Anglo-American Conference

NEW YORK, July 24.

The acceleration of plane deliveries to Britain, without impeding the United States preparedness drive, was the subject of a conference between the representative of Britain and key figures in the United States Defence Programme. After the meeting, Mr. Morgenthau declined to say more, than that the meeting was called to synchronise the provision of engines and planes for the United States with British aircraft purchases. According to the "New York Times", British representative has denied reports that they are contemplating a new 1200 plane purchasing programme. They took the position that they wanted all planes obtainable with the least delay. The "New York Times" states, there was unanimity at the conference that all possible aid should be given to Britain.—Reuter.

SURPLUS NEARLY SEVEN CRORES

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, July 24.

Revenue figures for 1939-1940 show that the year has ended far more favourably than anticipated by the Finance Member in the Revised Estimates. Receipts of Income-Tax together with Corporation Tax have yielded Rs. 1,937 lakhs which are four crores more than the revised estimates.

As the previous year 1938-1939 brought only 1,577 lakhs, it shows that the new Income-Tax Act has been responsible for bringing in additional revenue more than three and half crores in the very first year.

As Customs and Excise collections during the year 1939-1940 have brought over 53 crores as against the revised estimate of 50 crores this gives another three crores surplus to the Finance Member. The exact figures are not yet available but there is reason to believe that other revenue heads like Salt, Opium, Post and Telegraphs, etc., have also exceeded budget expectations.

In the result, the total revenue for the year which according to the Finance Member's budget statement was expected to amount to 8,776 lakhs is likely to reach 95 crores. This confirms the criticism during the budget debate in the Assembly that revenue have been underestimated. Assuming the total expenditure during the year 1939-1940 has not exceeded the budget estimate of 8,685 lakhs, one finds that the current financial year would have opened with a large surplus of over seven crores instead of 91 lakhs as provided in the budget.

Sir Stafford Calls At Soviet Foreign Office

MOSCOW, July 24.

Sir Stafford Cripps yesterday called at the Soviet Foreign Office where he saw M. Lozosky, Vice-Commissar for Foreign Affairs. The interview is stated to have been of a routine character.—Reuter.

12,115 Aero-Engines Purchased From America

LONDON, July 24.

It is announced that Lord Beaverbrook broadcasting, stated that since the Ministry of Aircraft Production was formed, it had purchased in America 12,115 aero-engines. Most of the aircraft frames would be built in Britain and American engines fitted to them.—Reuter.

WAR RISK INSURANCE FOR CIVILIANS

LONDON, July 24.

The Minister of Pensions has issued an amended scheme of compensation for physical injury sustained by civilians, as a direct result of warlike operations, the effect of which is to insure the whole civil population against injury caused by air raids or invasion, if they were gainfully employed at that time.

The new scheme increases the allowances and pensions to meet the rise in the cost of living.

A married man with two children will now receive 53 shillings 11 pence weekly, if totally disabled. Already, 127 pensions have been granted under the scheme, either for serious disablement or to widows.

The Ministry states that it deals expeditiously with pensions, and in one case, the widow of an air raid warden to die on duty received her pension within 24 hours of his death.—Reuter.

Consideration Of Baltic Situation

WASHINGTON, July 23.

Mr. Sumner Welles' statement denouncing the Soviet absorption of the three Baltic states as deliberate annihilation has caused considerable surprise among political observers in Washington.

In a formal statement, Mr. Sumner Welles said that although the three States had voted to join Russia, the United States would continue to recognise their ministers as ministers of a sovereign government now under duress. The assets of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, totalling 990,000 dollars, have been placed under the Treasury licensing system to forestall possible confiscation.

It had been believed that the relations between the United States and the U. S. S. R. were improving—a belief supported by the steps taken recently to release machine-tools and other goods to the U. S. S. R.

The contents of Mr. Welles statement are perhaps less striking than its biting phraseology. It is generally supposed that the President must have been consulted before the statement was made but it is not clear whether it was also referred to Mr. Cordell Hull.

Committee To Work Out Constitution

According to a Tallinn dispatch to the German News Agency a Committee has been elected to work out a new constitution for Estonia.

The step was taken following the declaration in the Chamber of Deputies by the Prime Minister M. Vares that Government must consider its task completed and lay down its powers.

The Chamber agreed and appointed a deputation to go to Moscow to ask for Estonia's admission to the Soviet Union. The deputation includes the Prime Minister and the Foreign Minister.

Supreme Soviet Summoned

According to a Moscow dispatch, the Supreme Soviet has been summoned for August 1 to take necessary steps for the incorporation of the three Baltic States in the U. S. S. R. and also to decide the future of Bessarabia which is expected to be included in the Soviet republic of Moldavia.—Reuter.

ROME HAS FIRST TASTE

ROME, July 24.

A 'communique' states that during the night of July 23, "Following an alarm from Gaeta," anti-aircraft batteries in Rome went into action on two occasions.

No bombs were dropped. A few people were injured by shrapnel.—Reuter.

Italian Raids On Malta

LONDON, July 24.

It is learned authoritatively in London that since Italy entered the war there have been eighty air raids on Malta. Twelve Italian planes have been brought down and nine severely damaged and, it is unlikely that they reached home. The British losses have been one plane.

When air raids started civilian casualties were comparatively heavy, but when the citizens began to learn the art of taking cover they diminished. In consequence of the strength of the R. A. F. and the excellent work of anti-aircraft batteries, the damage to military objectives has been very small.

The Maltese themselves are playing a great part in the defence. The island is making full use of Maltese manpower for the defence of the fortress and this obviates the necessity for sending out extra British troops.—Reuter.

SUBMARINES AT TOBRUK HIT IN R. A. F. RAIDS

CAIRO, July 24.

Direct hits were registered on a submarine jetty in Tobruk harbour during an R. A. F. raid on the night of July 22 and 23 says to-day's R. A. F. communique. Hits were followed several minutes later by four explosions. Some submarines were moored at the jetty.

Elgubbi and Eladem aerodromes were also attacked. One of our aircraft is missing.

A low-level bombing attack was made on Umn Hagar aerodrome in Italian East Africa and considerable damage was done. During another raid in Massawa area one enemy fighter, which attempted to intercept our bombers crashed.

All our aircraft have returned home safely.—Reuter.

Over 15,000 To Be Evacuated By Week-End?

Offenders Liable For Summary Conviction

GIBRALTAR, July 24.

Re-evacuation of civilians from Gibraltar has already commenced, and it is expected that more than 15,000 will have been evacuated by the week-end. It is officially announced that failure to comply with embarkation orders renders offenders liable for summary conviction with a fine of a hundred sterling and three months' imprisonment.—Reuter.

Death Of Mrs. Zohra Abid Ali

The "Bombay Chronicle" regrets to announce the death, which occurred yesterday of Mrs. Zohra, wife of Mr. Abid Ali Jaferbhai, ex-Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and a prominent Congressmen. Mrs. Zohra was one of the most popular members of the Seva Dal of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee. She was operated upon on Friday last. She leaves behind her, besides her husband, three sons and a daughter. She was thirty years old at the time of her death. She was a Moghul and was buried at the Moghul cemetery at Mount Road, Mazagaon. Her husband Mr. Abid Ali is a Khoja. Among those present at the cemetery were Messrs. Jamnalal Bajaj, K. F. Nariman, Ruya, S. A. Brelvi, N. J. Shah, Ambalal Parekh, Busheri, Ali Bahadur Khan, M. Harris, Mulji Namazi, Dehdashti, Shustry, Salehbhai Abdul Kader, S. Vasi and others. The Ziarat ceremony will be performed at 5-30 p.m. to-day at Mr. Abid Ali's residence, Ibrahim Terrace, near Petrol Station, off Shepherd Road, Byculla.

Compulsory Recruitment Of European British Subjects

SIMLA, July 24.

By Ordinance No. VI F 1940 to be issued on Thursday July 25, the National Service (European British Subjects) Act, 1940 (Act XVIII of 1940), will be amended.

The main object of the Ordinance is to introduce the compulsory principle for the recruitment of European British Subject other than those domiciled in India, for work of national importance whether in the armed forces of the Crown or in a civilian capacity. The latter field is now extended to civilian employment generally and is no longer limited to employment under the Crown.

Penalties are provided against refusal to obey a calling-up notice against an employee leaving his civilian employment without permission, and against an employer failing to carry out the terms of employment fixed by the competent authority.—A. P.

Estonian President Resigns

TALLINN, July 24.

President Constantin Paetes resigned to-day, and the resignation was accepted by Parliament, who appointed Prime Minister Vares to carry on the duties.

Government placed its resignation before Parliament which passed a vote of confidence in it and entrusted it with the task of carrying on until the formation of a new Government under the new constitution.—Reuter.

PROVISIONAL CZECH GOVT. IN LONDON

LONDON, July 24.

Following formal British recognition Dr. Benes has formed a Provisional Government in London.

Dr. Benes is President, M. Jan Sramek, Premier, Major General Ingr, Minister for War, M. Jan Masaryk, Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Dr. Benes in an interview with "Reuter" said that the recognition would be a great moral and political inspiration to the whole Czech nation and the best proof to European countries, not yet under German yoke, that Britain was resolved to fight for the right of small nations to independence.

The national campaign is actively supported by one and half million African Czechoslovaks.—Reuter.

Victory Will Rest With Epic Deeds Of Future

Bragging Menace Of Dead Past Has No Chance Of Survival, Says Malcolm MacDonald

LONDON, July 24.

Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, speaking at a luncheon in London, after outlining the work of the Health Ministry in connection with air raids, declared:

"If I could choose the moment when I would most wish to be alive in the long, unending future, I would choose a few days or weeks hence, whenever the time comes that the enemy strikes with his maximum force against this Island. Of course, we shall suffer. May be, for a short time, may be for a long time, but in the end, we shall so sink their ships, so slay their invaders, so tear their aeroplanes from the sacred sky above our homes, that we shall turn the tide of war.

"Herr Hitler claimed that he and his regime represented something young and vital, but dictatorship and tyranny was one of the oldest and most disastrous systems of Government. It is we of the British Commonwealth who stand as representatives of a new liberation of political forces of mankind. Victory will rest not with the bragging menace of the dead past but with the epic deeds of the future."

REPLY TO HITLER

Mr. A. V. Alexander told the Overseas League in London to-day that the "lion does not merely go out to defend its young—the cubs come home with great strength to defend the parent. Herr Hitler had after some hesitation made a speech of the kind expected from him. Lord Halifax answered him. It was clear that the answer of the British people and the Dominions and colonies was to prepare more insistently than ever to secure victory. At the present moment there is no doubt that, despite all threats hurled against us, we can face the future not in any spirit of boasting, but with greater confidence than many of us could have thought possible a few months ago."—Reuter.

Viceroy Passes Through Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 24.

Their Excellencies the Viceroy and Lady Linlithgow passed through Delhi to-night on their monsoon tour.—A. P.

VICEROY'S VISIT TO MADRAS

MADRAS, July 24.

Their Excellencies, the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Linlithgow will arrive in Madras on the evening of Saturday July 27. Her Excellency will leave Madras the same night for Ootacamund.

At Madras the Viceroy will attend divine service at the Church of Scotland on Sunday. The next day, His Excellency will be entertained at a tea party by the Members of the Cosmopolitan Club. On Tuesday, July 30 the Madras Club will entertain the Viceroy at luncheon. His Excellency will attend a meeting of the Madras Provincial War Committee the same afternoon.

The Viceroy will leave Madras on the 31st night for Ootacamund accompanied by the Governor of Madras.—A. P

Viceroy And Zafrulla On Tour

SIMLA, July 24.

The Hon. Sir Mohd Zafrullah Khan, Member for Law and Department of Supply, Government of India, is leaving on tour to Bombay, Poona, Madras, Bangalore, Mysore and Ootacamund on July 27. Sir Mohd Zafrullah Khan will return to Simla on August 14. Their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Marchioness of Linlithgow left Simla this afternoon on their monsoon tour.—A.P.

VICEROY'S BOMBAY PROGRAMME

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, July 24.

The Viceroy is not likely to make any political speech even in Bombay, during his tour, according to information so far available. His Excellency's Bombay programme includes inspection of Bombay Civic Guards, meeting the City War Committees, visits to Poona Agricultural College and Central Hydro-dynamic Research Station.

CALCUTTA, July 24.

Mr. B. M. Birla has tendered resignation of the chairmanship of the Indian Sugar Syndicate.—United Press.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

3% Defence Bonds 1946

The restriction regarding the maximum holding of the 3% Six Year Defence Bonds will be removed with effect from 1st August, 1940. 3% Defence Bonds 1946 will be obtainable on and from that date until further notice. The Issue price will be Rs. 100 with subsequent weekly increases approximating to the net accrued weekly interest.

CONVERSION TERMS:

5% LOAN 1940-43

will be received in payment of the purchase price of the Bonds at its full maturity value. The interest on the 5% Loan up to 30th September, 1940, will be paid in cash at the time of issue of the new securities.

The Loan Notification and application forms will be available at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi, Madras, at branches of the Imperial Bank of India at other places, and at all Government Treasuries.

NEW YORK COTTON 13 POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES
OCTOBER 1940

New York, July 24

Previous closing	9.30
To-day's opening	9.34
Difference	+04
To-day's closing	9.43
Difference	+13

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach July/August	Rs. 174-8
Broach April/May	Rs. 192-8

LIVERPOOL COTTON
OCTOBER 1940

Liverpool, July 24

Previous closing	7.06
To-day's opening	7.08
Difference	+02
To-day's closing	7.19
Difference	+13

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 24

The New York cotton displayed brighter sentiment following encouraging overseas advices while restricted offerings also helped to impart some impetus.

The trading in October began at 9.34 i.e. four points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and local buying with some outside interest. October rose to 9.36.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

July Old (9.28/27) 9.35/34
October (9.15/15) 9.20/20
March (unquoted) 8.98/98

LONDON COMMODITIES
SEEDS

London, July 24.

Castorseeds July/August (£17 3/4) £17 3/4
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£16 5/8) £16 5/8
Linseed La Plata July/August (£15) £15
Groundnuts Coromandal July (£15 5/8) £15 5/8

JUTES

Dundee August (£33) £33
Lightning August (£30) £30

RUBBER

Spot (12 1/4d paid and buyers) 12 7/16d paid and buyers
Forward October December (11 15/16d value) 12d paid and buyers

METALS.

Tin (£267 buyers; £267 1/4 sellers. Very steady) £266 3/4 buyers; £267 sellers. Steady
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Land Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 19th day of July, 1940.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	12,82,89,000
Notes in circulation:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	229,21,33,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	12,67,44,000
Total Notes issued	254,71,66,000
Total Liabilities	254,71,66,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 69.063 per cent.

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000
(b) Held outside India	.....
Sterling Securities	131,50,11,000
TOTAL OF A.	175,91,54,000
B. Rupee Coin	29,20,16,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	49,59,96,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	.....
TOTAL ASSETS	254,71,66,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 19th July, 1940.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	4,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government—	
(1) Central Govt of India	5,36,26,000
(2) Government of Burma	1,18,74,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	5,44,97,000
(b) Banks	29,50,40,000
(c) Others	1,11,79,000
Bills Payable	8,92,000
Other Liabilities	2,47,77,000
Rupees	55,18,85,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	12,59,65,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	23,34,000
Rupee Coin	9,70,000
Subsidiary Coin	4,84,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	.....
(b) External	.....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,11,16,000
Balances held abroad*	20,21,52,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	10,25,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	7,15,000
Investments	8,60,03,000
Other Assets	96,66,000
Rupees	55,18,85,000

*Includes Cash and Short Term Securities.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 24-7-1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.99 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.79 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, July 24

Previous closing	3.81 3/4
To-day's opening	3.81 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, July 24

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London, July 24

T T London on Paris not quoted.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 24

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 43 1/2) dol 43 3/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (unquoted) dol 19
U S Steel Commog (dol 50 5/8) dol 50 5/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 117 1/4) unquoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, July 24

The following cable was received from London:—

Market featureless.

LONDON SILVER

London, July 24

Spot (22 7/16d) 22 3/8 —1/16
Forward (22 7/16d) 22 1/16 nil

LONDON GOLD

London, July 24

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 24

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.32
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/16) 0-3 11/16 to 0-4 1/16
London on Kobe (1-2 3/4 to 1-3 1/4) 1-2 3/4 to 1-3 1/4

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, July 24

There was no trading during the night session.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Securities Rule Better

CALCUTTA, July 24

With exception of security prices which were a turn better on good buying support and fair amount of business passing, there was practically nothing fresh to report in other sections of the market to-day.

The following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: 2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 94/6 small lot; 3 per cent loan 1951/54 95/10; 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 88; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 100/4; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 102/4; 4 1/2 per cent loan 1955/60 107/12; 3 per cent U P loan 1961/66 85/2; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 108/2.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1445 ex div; do conty 250 ex div; Reserve Bank 99/8.

Railways: Bukhtiarpur Bihar Rly 42/8; Sara Serajganj 96; Borrea Coal pref 115.

Jutes: Adamjee ord 19/1 small lot; Anglo-India ord 303; do pref 149/8; Gourepore 610; Hukumchand pref 89/8 small lot; National 20 ex div; do pref 152/8 ex div.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 5; Alkali and Chemical pref 128; Shahjahanpur Electric 4/2; Indian Galvanizing 26/2; Indian Iron 26/4; Steel Corpn ord 15; do pref 101; B I Corpn ord 3/14; British Burma Petrol 4/6 small lots; Mysore Paper 11/4; Titaghur Paper ord 14/6 et ex div ex rights; Assam Saws 2/12; Carew and Co ord 9/12.

Teas: Patrakola pref 140; Tezpore ord 6/12.

Debentures: 3 per cent 1936/66 Calcutta Municipal 83/8 small lot; 6 per cent Shree Gopal Paper 101.—A. P.

Showers In Bombay

After a bright day and a clear evening, it started pouring in right earnest, and up to midnight there was more or less continuous rain from Matunga to Colaba.

At the sea-side there was a wind of some intensity.

The rain was accompanied by a cool breeze.

Looking to the clouded skies, it is expected that the rain will continue into the night.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 24-7-1940.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.020 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.4 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.9 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.4 degrees 1.4 above normal

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 75.7 degrees 0.4 below normal

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 85 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 15 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 198 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 38 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.37 inches

Total rainfall during the month 13.09 inches

Total rainfall during the year 44.46 inches

Weather remarks: Rain

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, July 24

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 24

The London Stock Exchange was firm today.

INDIAN LOANS

London, July 24

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96) £96
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1950/55 (£107) £107
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£109) £109
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104) £104
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100) £100

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£102) £102

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£72 1/8) £72 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 1/2) £99 7/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£110) £110 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£98 7/8) £99 3/8
New War Loan (£100) £100 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109) £109 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (8-7 1/2) 8-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (30-9) 31-6
Hydro Electric (No dealings) No dealings
Electric Music Industry (5-6) 5-6
Princhin Johnson (15-7 1/2) 15-0
Imperial Chemicals (22-10 1/2) 23-6
Woolsworth New Ordinary (48-6) 50-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£29) £29 1/2
Dundee Rubber (24-10 1/2) 25-6
Unilever Ordinary (18-1 1/2) 18-9
Ford Motors (14-10 1/2) 14-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£35) £35
British American Tobacco Ordinary (63-9) 66-3
Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £3 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (83-9) 86-10 1/2
P and O Def (15-4 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Distillers (54-9) 56-0
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (25-9) 26-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (24-9) 25-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-10 1/2) 2-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (11-9) 12-7 1/2
Inter Nickel Ordinary (No dealings) No dealings
Indian Iron (40-0) 40-0

TEA SHARES

Assam (13-9) 13-9
Donaro Tea (25-0) 25-0
Empire of India (16-10 1/2) 16-3

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-9) 14-9
Gula Kelampong (13-9) 13-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (22-3) 22-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (21-10 1/2) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-3) 7-3
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (33-9) 33-1 1/2
Rand Mines (£5 3/4) £5 3/4

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12 1/2) £12 1/2
Associated Portland Cement (47-6) 47-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (56-3) 56-3
Sub Nigel (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
Spring Mines Split Shares (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (19-4 1/2) 20-0
Anglo India (30-7 1/2) 31-3
Burma Oil (44-4 1/2) 45-0
Mexican Eagle (3-4 1/2) 3-4 1/2
Shell Transport (32-6) 33-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (No dealings) No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£31) £31 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£12 3/4) £13 1/2
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£9 3/4) £10 1/4
London Transport 5 per cent (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£30 1/2) £30 1/2

WHY BRITAIN IS CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS

(Continued from page 4)

armed, better organized and in better heart to meet any attack which may come. Never has it been more prepared to seize every opportunity to attack the enemy. Never has it been more united in spirit and counsel.

In The Middle East

In the Middle East is another large force, composed of British, Indian, Australian and New Zealand contingents who have already given an excellent account of themselves on the borders of Libya. They protect the fleet base of Alexandria, the Suez Canal, and cut off the Italian Forces in North-East Africa from their home and base of supply.

The British line of communication to the Indian Ocean has been rendered much more secure by the recent destruction of most of the Italian submarines in the Red Sea. Behind this Force lie the rapidly developing resources in man-power and material of the British lands round the Indian Ocean.

The armament and supply industries of Australia and India have already vastly expanded but more must and will be done in the near future. Sooner or later, and perhaps sooner than many imagine, the tide of war may sweep at full length towards the Middle East.

Attitude Of America

Finally, in this assessment of the situation, the powerful British structure for the defence of the Commonwealth and of all that it holds to be true has now behind it the material and moral support of the overwhelming majority of the people of the United States.

An ever increasing flow of aircraft and munitions is pouring into Great Britain and other parts of the Empire from America. But this is not all.

Every week new evidence is forthcoming that the people of the United States realize increasingly that they must, to the utmost degree compatible with their policy of remaining a non-belligerent, give Britain assistance in her fight against the destruction of freedom of thought, of speech and of action. Morally and materially in this fight we do not stand alone.

Weather Report

RAINFALL

POONA, July 24

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

STATIONS.	Temperatures. Maximum.	Minimum.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total since June 1	Departure from normal.
Chittagong	84	78	0.2	39.1	+1.7
Calcutta	92	80	—	16.0	—5.7
Cuttack	89	78	0.5	32.0	+12.6
Patna	90	79	0.2	9.6	—7.5
Gorakhpur	89	79	—	12.2	—5.0
Benares	89	79	0.4	12.7	—1.1
Allahabad	91	80	—	6.7	
Cawnpore	86	67	0.2	4.5	—7.3
Lucknow	87	77	0.3	8.1	—8.3
Jhansi	93	81	—	11.0	—2.2
Agra	97	83	—	3.2	—6.4
Bareilly	90	77	0.1	15.4	—0.1
Dehra Dun	85	70	1.1	27.2	—0.6
Delhi	93	78	1.4	4.7	—4.5
Ambala	91	73	1.0	15.4	+6.3
Ludhiana	92	73	1.5	12.8	+3.8
Lahore	91	78	T	4.3	—1.5
Sialkot	83	74	1.5	11.4	+2.9
Rawalpindi	87	74	0.7	9.8	+1.9
Lyallpur	83	78	—	1.3	—2.2
Multan	95	79	—	0.3	—1.6
Peshawar	93	75	0.4	1.3	+0.1
Dehra Ismail Khan	89	78	—	2.2	
Fort Sandeman	94	71	—	2.9	+0.8
Rangoon	87	74	0.6	39.9	+5.3
Khandwa	89	76	0.1	19.2	+6.9
Jubbulpore	87	75	0.3	18.3	—2.5
Nagpur	86	75	0.4	38.0	+18.1
BOMBAY	86	76	0.4	43.1	+3.9
Ratnagiri	85	75	1.1	48.1	—8.3
Ahmednagar	87	71	—	11.3	+3.6
Poona	81	72	T	7.5	—2.7
Sholapur	91	73	—	4.1	—4.0
Hyderabad (Dn.)	81	72	0.1	8.1	—1.5
Bangalore	79	65	0.5	6.0	
Mysore	79	76	7.0	7.9	+2.9
Calicut	85	74	0.5	64.4	+6.7
Madras	89	77	T	4.8	
Shillong	73	65	0.7	23.9	—4.3
Darjeeling	62	57	0.9	46.9	—4.7
Simla	70	57	0.1	19.5	+0.1
Panchmarhi	77	67	0.3	45.0	—1.8
Kodaikanal	64	53	0.1	8.7	+0.7
Colombo	95	76	—	10.2	—1.9
Jacobabad	100	86	—	0.1	—0.9
Hyderabad (Sind)	95	81	—	1.6	—0.9
Karachi	87	82	—	2.5	—0.5
Ajmer	88	77	T	5.8	—1.7
Deesa	89	77	0.1	10.1	+1.2
Rajkot	90	78	—	8.9	—3.7
Ahmedabad	92	79	0.1	5.1	—8.5
Bhopal	86	75	0.1	1.2	+2.2
Akola	89	75	T	16.7	+3.9
Amraoti	87	73	0.2	24.5	+10.9
Indore	83	72	0.1	21.2	+7.7
Marmagoa	83	76	0.1	49.4	
Malegaon	87	73	0.1	6.1	—2.0
Mussoorie	72	59	—	35.1	+10.8
Mahableshwar	65	61	2.7	108.7	—13.1
Baroda	87	77	0.2	16.5	
Bahawalpur	96	80	—	1.9	—0.1
Belgaum	75	68	0.3	27.5	+6.7
Cherrapunji	70	67	6.0	146.2	—31.7
Bijapur	87	71	—	4.4	—0.7
Dalhousie	73	61	0.1	14.7	—7.6
Mount Abu	72	64	0.5	8.9	—11.9
Ootacamund	63	51	—	14.6	+1.2
Jodhpur	91	77	T	2.6	—1.6
Gwalior	98	83	—	2.9	

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.

MONSOON ACTIVE IN INDIA

POONA, July 24

The monsoon has been active in Northeast India, East United Provinces, East and North Punjab, Konkan, North Hyderabad, Mysore and North Madras Coast. Fairly widespread rain also occurred in Central Provinces, local rain in West United Provinces, West Central India, Berar, North-West Frontier Province, Gujarat, Malabar and Madras Deccan, while a few falls are reported in South-West Punjab, Kashmir, North-East Baluchistan, West Rajputana, Bombay Deccan, South Hyderabad and South-East Madras.—A.P.

Cooperage Clash And After

A STRAIGHT QUESTION TO W. I. F. A.

A correspondent writes:

"On the evening of the now famous South Kanara- Caltex match in the Harwood League no sooner the referee blew up for the foul Europeans and Indians alike in the better class seats were unanimous that the penalty awarded was a wrong decision Further, when the free fight ensued and the game came to a close, as the referee had to be hustled to safety under protection, most people noted that short time had been played, and assumed, the natural sequence, a replay. The next day at the B.E.S.T.—Gymkhana match several of the people at the previous day's match expressed extreme surprise at the line of action the W.I.F.A. had taken.

"If the members of the public and others had noted the short time played, surely, responsible officials of the W.I.F.A. must have done the same.

"Their action on Sunday is inadvertently exposed by 'Satonian'. He writes 'Had they ordered a replay they (the W.I.F.A.) would have been asking for trouble? The cause of the whole incident lies in this sentence. The W.I.F.A. accepted a wrong statement made by the referee.

There is one thing without doubt that the Pentangular Football Tournament is going to augment communal bad feelings which at the present juncture is ill-advised.

Races

Shankar Papsuji Rides A Double

The Quack Wins Prince Mufak Kanjah Cup

SECUNDERABAD, July 24.

Exchanges between layers and backers this afternoon were about even.

Barballini won the Moinuddowla Cup for Major R. Tyrrell beating Mrs. Justice's Discard fairly easily. Nutchdat Beg with Fazal Rehman up left his nearest companion Anzan Beg seven lengths behind, when he won the Hill Fort Cup at the substantial odds of five to one. Mr. A. I. Beg Mohamed's The Quack obliged in the Prince Mufakkamjah Cup race. He easily put paid to the pretensions of others in the race.

Shankar Papsuji rode a double. He was seen to advantage in the Iraq Plate Division II, when steering Rafat Beg past the post. Incidentally, Rafat Beg paid the biggest dividend of the day Rs. 102 on each five-rupee-win ticket.

The following are the results:—

IRAQ PLATE DIV. II.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

RAFAT BEG A. C. Ardeshir 8/12. (Shankar Papsuji) 1
MANARA 7/9, H. A. Appo (N. Whiteside 2
JEHANGIR 7/11, K. K. Rathod H. McQuade 3
SAMAVI 7/13, Mrs. J. Bhadrasen C. Adley 4

Won by: 1/2 length, neck and 1-1/2 lengths.

Tote paid: Rs. 102 for win. Rs. 18/8, Rs. 7/8 and Rs. 18/8 for places.

IRAQ PLATE DIV. I.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

GOOD LUCK 8/9, D. ... Balfour B. McQuade 1
AL MUNTASIR 9/4, Haji Ahmed Salio N. Whiteside 2
GRAND SLAM 8/4, J. R. Lalvani T. Burn 3
ZAGAR PASHA 7/13, N. Rupchand H. McQuade 4

Won by: Head. 2-1/2 lengths and 1-1/2 lengths.

Tote paid: Rs. 21/8 for win Rs. 7, Rs. 10/8 and Rs. 6/8 for places.

EPSOM PLATE.—Distance about 7 Furlongs.

SPORTLIGHT 7/4 cd. 7/5, Maharaja of Rajpipla N. Whiteside 1
SMOKEY SEA 8/2, W. M. Somasundaram S. J. Meekings 2
MAD HATTER 9/2, Mrs. L. Brooker B. McQuade 3
GOLD GAINER 8/5, Dr S. K. Pillay T. Burn 4

Won by: 1 length, 1 length and 1 length.

Tote paid: Rs. 22/8 for win, Rs. 7, Rs. 10 and Rs. 7/8 for places.

MOINUDDOWLA CUP.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

BARBALLINI 8/0, Major R. Tyrrell C. Adley 1
DISCARD 7/11, Mrs. Justice J. O'Neale 2
BALTOI 9/5, Mirza Ahmed S. J. Meekings 3
DIMPLES 8/2, Miss F. J. Mashals B. McQuade 4

Won by: 2 lengths, 3 lengths, and 1/2 length.

Tote paid: Rs. 12 for win, Rs. 6/8 Rs. 7/8 and Rs. 13 for places.

HILL FORT CUP.—Distance 1 Mile.

NUTCHDAT BEG 8/7, Messrs. M. R. Agarwal and M. T. Kazrani Fazal Rehman 1
ANZAN BEG 8/4, M. J. Devicha S. J. Meekings 2
JAWAHAR AL MOSUL 8/0, P. R. Mehta Shanker Papsuji 3
ABDAL AL MOSUL 8/8, Mrs. Justie J. O'Neale 4

Won by: 7 lengths, 2 lengths and 2 lengths.

Tote paid: Rs. 41 for win Rs. 13/8, Rs. 11 and Rs. 12 for places.

PRINCE MUFAKKAMJAH CUP.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

THE QUACK 8/0 cd. 8/3, A. I. Beg-Mohamed R. Bell 1
SCHOOL QUAD 8/9, M. Ibrahim Whiteside 2
WAR DUST 8/9, Messrs. E. T. Thornton Smith and F. Templeman C. Adley 3
WET NIGHT 7/9 cd. 7/11, Maharaja of Parlikimedi S. J. Meekings. 4

Won by: 3 lengths, 2 lengths and 2 lengths.

Tote paid: Rs. 28/8 for win. Rs. 10, Rs. 9/8 and Rs. 9/8 for places.

EGYPTIAN PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

FAIR PLAY 8/10, P. R. Mehta Shankar Parsinji 1
MUDRIK 8/4, Khan Saheb Mohmed Oomer Fitzgerald 2
MOON STONE 8/8, Miss C. J. Mashal B. McQuade 3
THARWATH 8/9, Abdul Rehman W. G. Thompson 4

Won by: 1-1/2 lengths, 1 length and 2 lengths.

Tote paid: Rs. 33 for win, Rs. 11, Rs. 41/8 and Rs. 20 for places.

Badminton

B. P. AMATEUR OPEN CHAMPIONSHIPS

A fairly heavy programme was got through on Wednesday, when the Bombay Presidency Amateur Open Badminton Championships started. Quite a number of games in the Men's Singles were played. Most of the games were not of a contested nature.

It was pleasing to see that M. N. Desai has come on a lot since last seen in action, he went down to M. de Souza in the best match of the evening 15-11, 15-10, weight, however, still tells. Another interesting meating was that of C. S. Gopal and S. B. Irani, the latter lost after a stubborn struggle 15-12, 18-16

The following are the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES:—J. Agnel beat Asghar Mian, 15-0, 15-2. L. L. Pereira beat E. A. Patanker, 15-6, 15-7; L. R. Agasker w.o.; N. Amrith Rao beat P. G. Desai 18-7, 14-6; A. S. Ullal w.o.; M. de Souza beat M. N. Desai, 15-11, 15-10; E. J. Carvalho w.o.; C. S. Gopal beat S. B. Irani, 15-12, 18-16, M. G. Mugve beat V. V. Mandke, 15-8 15-2; S. N. Kalambe, 15-2 15-9 V. N. Mehta beat K. G. Shah, 15-1, 15-1; B. R. Agaskar beat V. Dhurandhar 15-2, 15-7; B. D. Shroff w.o.; V. N. Iyer w.o., A. S. Nagarkatti w.o.; D. P. Asar w.o.; V. N. Pathare beat B. Waradkar, 15-8, 5-15, 15-7; C. S. Sheta beat J. Chopra, 2-15, 15-6 15-3; K. R. Lotwalla w.o.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA COURT

5-30 p.m. V. Dhurandhar or B. R. Agaskar Vs B. D. Shroff or 'D' Player.

5-50 p.m. S. B. Irani or C. S. Gopal Vs. B. P. Kapadia or L. R. Agaskar.

6-10 p.m. B. P. Koppiker Vs. H. Frenchman

6-30 p.m. Miss L. M. Merchant Vs. Miss K. M. Marathe

6-50 p.m. V. N. Iyer or 'C' Player Vs. L. A. Patanker or L. L. Pereira.

7.10 p.m. J. N. Gandhi Vs. C. Gomes.

7-30 p.m. G. D. Patwardhan and K. M. Rangnekar Vs A. C. Pereira and Partner.

7-50 p.m. 'A' Player Vs. Sharda Diwan.

PARSEE GYMKHANA COURT—

5-45 p.m. J Pinto Vs. P. G. Goregaonker.

6-5 p.m. V. N. Mehta or K G. Shah Vs. N. Amritrao or P. G Desai.

6-25 p.m. D. P. Asar or 'C' Player Vs R. C. Vin or S. N. Kalambe.

6-45 p.m A. V. Ullal or B. C Shah Vs. 'B' Player or E. J. Carvalho.

7-15 p.m. Mrs. M. Gupte Vs. Mrs. Asghar Mian

7-30 p.m Melville D'Souza and J. Pinto Vs. S. B. Irani and A. L. H. Talyarkan.

ISLAM GYMKHANA COURT

5-45 p.m. M. G. Mugve or V. V. Mandke Vs. A. S. Nagarkatti or 'E' Player.

6-5 p.m. N. V. Ullal and N. D. G. Rao Vs. V. C Raiker and Eddy D'Souza.

6-25 p.m. 'C' Player Vs. Mrs. Leela Phansalker

6-45 p.m. S. Dhurandhar and Partner Vs. Sudhakar and Taliram.

7-5 p.m. H. R Delorme and Partner Vs R. C. Vin and Partner.

AGA KHAN'S LUCK

Queen Of Shiraz Wins Irish Oaks

LONDON, July 24.

The Irish Oaks value 2,000 sterling.—Distance over one and half miles.

H. H. The Aga Khan's QUEEN OF SHIRAZ Charles Smirk ... 1
Mr. D. S. Kennedy's MONTRAEN 2
W. Barnett's BOLD MAID 3

Won by four lengths while one and half length separated the second and third.—Reuter.

Football

MAHOMEDAN SPORTING WIN

CALCUTTA, July 24.

The following are results of the I.F.A. Shield matches played this evening:—

Mahomedan Sporting 1; Maharana Club (Gauhati) 0.

Mohun Gagan 8; Bengal Artillery 0.

Calcutta 3; Andu Hira Club (Vizagapatam) 0.

Kalighat 1; Rajshahi 0.—A. P.

Sir Chimanlal On Mr. Kher's Statement

(Continued from Page 4.)

I wonder if Mr. Kher wants to put the responsibility for that action a'so on the poor Law Officers of Government.

In order to finance the policy of complete prohibition, they imposed upon the landlords of Bombay numbering only 17,000 a heavy taxation of 10 per cent of the ratable value of their properties with the obvious injustice that these unfortunate 17,000 people out of a population of 12 lakhs of the whole of Bombay had to bear the whole burden of their ill-advised policy. Obviously, the Congress Government were like young boys in a hurry. During 27 months they were in office, they put on the statute book no less than 56 enactments, and they carried through their financial measures without due thought and investigation as is exemplified by the Sales Act. The Congress Government in Bombay which contained some men of ability, courage and determination over-reached themselves by their over-zeal and defiance of all opinions contrary to their own. I cannot do better than quote the verdict of the Council of the Western India National Liberal Association at the time when the Congress Government resigned office. They said: "The Council is constrained to observe that failure is writ large on the performance of the Cabinet because of the Fascist control of the High Command, want of the spirit of adjustment, accommodation, compromise and toleration which are the essentials of democratic government."—Yours, etc.

CHIMANLAL H. SETALVAD.

Bombay, July 22.

Harijan Temple Demolished?

LAHORE, July 23.

Sensation prevails among the sweepers of Batala as a result of alleged demolition of their temple by some Mahomedans in Sagarpura, one mile from Batala. A deputation of sweepers waited on the Resident Magistrate who has issued orders to the police to look into the matter.

Telegrams have also been sent to higher authorities.—United Press.

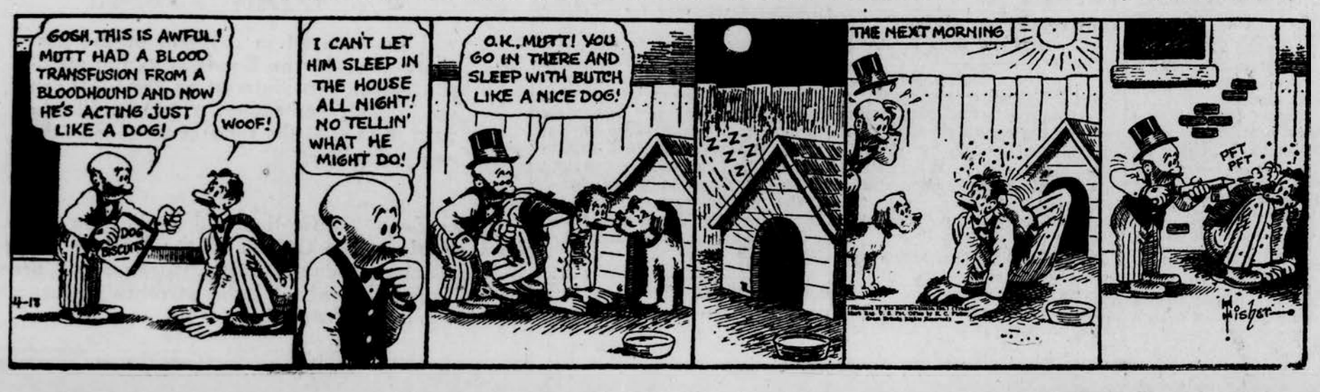
BRITISH
WAR SAVINGS
MOVEMENT
REMITTANCES MADE,

Month 1940	National Savings Certificates	National Defence Bonds	TOTAL
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
APRIL	1,27,852	3,05,263	4,33,115
MAY	2,33,909	6,55,431	8,89,340
JUNE	3,11,147	6,79,340	9,90,487

Is your remittance included here? → 23,12,942

Buy SAVINGS CERTIFICATES and DEFENCE BONDS
STERLING OR RUPEE.
Apply to your Banker or Hon. Sec. British War Savings Movement P. O. 625 Calcutta.

MUTT AND JEFF—Maybe Jeff Should Have Given Both Dogs the Flea Treatment — By BUD FISHER


GOSH, THIS IS AWFUL! MUTT HAD A BLOOD TRANSFUSION FROM A BLOODHOUND AND NOW HE'S ACTING JUST LIKE A DOG!
WOOF!
DOG BISCUITS
I CAN'T LET HIM SLEEP IN THE HOUSE ALL NIGHT! NO TELLIN' WHAT HE MIGHT DO!
O.K., MUTT! YOU GO IN THERE AND SLEEP WITH BUTCH LIKE A NICE DOG!
Z-Z-Z-Z
THE NEXT MORNING
PFT PFT
4-18

BOVRIL
has everything in its flavour
Add a little Bovril to soups, stews, curries and all savoury dishes and see what a difference it makes.

ON THE AIR

THURSDAY, JULY 25.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati. 7-50 Devotional songs. 8 Keep fit! 8-10 Chanchal Kumari. 8-30 String music. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 The Air Bhajan Mandali. 9-10 A Hamidi recital. 9-20 Highbrow hits. 12-30 p.m. A light selection. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 ...Ramante Taira Devtah. 1-10 Favourite tunes. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Do you know madame? 1-40 Lunch hour music. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 Gujarati Literature. 4-35 Gujarati Bhavgeets. 4-45 Music. 5 Agha Hyderi. 5-12 G. G. Kharadikar. 5-20 T. N. Ranade. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Ebrahim. 5-45 Purushottam. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Agha Hyderi. 6-20 Three Bhavgeets. 6-30 Instrumental duets. 6-40 Chanchal Kumari. 7 A topical talk in Gujarati. 7-15 Purushottam. 7-30 Surrendra Nath. 7-40 Master Mohan. 7-45 The Air Quartet. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Looking forward. 3. 8-45 Mira Bai Bhajan. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-50 Joseph De Lima. 10 Radio Quartet.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Bai Gangu Bai. 8 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Melodies from Baharuni. 8-50 Purnshottam. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Abdul Aziz Khan. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 T. N. Ranade. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Shahid Husain. 6-10 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Bai Gangu Bai. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Chanchal Kumari. 9-15 Jare Khater. 9-35 Bai Gangu Bai. 10-20 The Bombay Radio Orchestra.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

8 p.m. Delhi Radio Orchestra. 5-5 Ghulam Mohammad. 5-20 Manohar. 5-30 Master Harjai. 5-40 Munawwar Khan. 5-15 Thumrian. 7 The New Ghazal. 7-15 Mahboob Jan. 7-30 B. S. Thakur. 7-45 Twenty years of world co-operation. 2. 8 Indubala. 8-15 For villagers only. 10 Sidelights on the war. 10-5 Mahboob Jan. 10-30 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

61.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

8 to 8-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 8-15 Munawwar Khan. 8-30 Master Harjai. 8-45 Indubala. 9 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Mahboob Jan. 9-50 B. S. Thakur. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 Louis and his dance band.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the countryside. 5-50 Mohammad Khan. 6-5 Quasida-i-Ghausia. 6-20 Mohammad Khan. 6-35 Anil Bagchi. 6-55 Vocal Trio. 7-5 Bhowani Das. 7-25 Vocal Trio. 7-35 Duet instrumental. 7-45 Rumour—The terror of the tongue! 8 Something unexpected. 8-15 R. Rentz. 8-30 E. Rosamy. 9 B. Magnoni. 10 The Gods decide.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	16-00	21-00
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway

ARRIVALS AT AND DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY CENTRAL FROM JULY 1.)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	6-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-26	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	*(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-06
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-0

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

STEADY TONE ON MADRAS EXCHANGE

MADRAS, July 24

A dull but steady undertone prevailed in the local stock exchange where the session closed quiet due to absence of strong investment support. Among miscellaneous shares sugars and papers were easier. Public utilities remained steady. Banks and Cotton Mills were unchanged.

Exchange transactions from 12 noon 23rd to 12 noon 24th instant :—

Indian Bank 102 cd; Cambodia Mills 7/12; Mamallay Preference 19; Chembra Peaks 3/3 East Tanjores 127 xd; Mysore Chemicals and Fertilisers 11/2; Indian Steel Rolling 6/3.

This new metal cap seals your

BRYLCREEM

against substitution

BRYLCREEM is the Perfect Hair Dressing. It keeps your hair in good condition as well as in good appearance. It is important, therefore, when you buy to insist on genuine Brylcreem. For your protection every bottle of genuine Brylcreem is sealed with a patent stopper before it leaves the factory. If you see that this cap is unbroken when you buy, you can be sure your Brylcreem has not been tampered with.

When you open a bottle of Brylcreem you will find a ring of metal becomes detached from the cap and falls around the neck of the bottle. If you find the cap thus broken already — refuse to accept it.

BRYLCREEM — the Perfect Hair Dressing

CX 21

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Your Will is one of the most important documents you will ever be called upon to execute.

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You should name an Executor—some person or this Institution—to see that the terms of your Will are carried out.

It is a mistake to suppose a Trustee Company as Executor to be expensive.

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Ask for our booklets or see us personally.

Secretary— A. J. DOCTOR | Chairman— SIR HOMI MODY, K.B.E. | Manager— H. C. CAPTAIN.

THE CENTRAL BANK EXECUTOR & TRUSTEE COMPANY, LTD.

N. Y. Cotton Market Narrow

MILL LIQUIDATION OF OCTOBER

Spot House Buying And Price-Fixing

Bombay : July 24.

On Tuesday the New York cotton market was again narrow with a limited business and both high and low points for the day were reached during the first seven minutes. From this it will be seen that there is utter absence of speculative enterprise. All eyes are now focussed on Europe and both crop news and improved weather reports were ignored.

The market is awaiting political developments and operators in the face of numerous uncertainties are not inclined to increase risks. The Washington administration has not announced the loan level for the American cotton and general trade is not encouraging. Under such a state as long as things improve we do not look for any decided change in cotton prices. There may be some covering and prices are likely to improve moderately in the near future but buyers are cautious.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady. Business was confined to Mill liquidation of October contracts against the acquisition of spot cotton with light hedge selling. There was price fixing and moderate spot house buying. The market was dull and featureless.

At the opening October was unchanged at 9.28 and declined one point at 9.27 which was the lowest level. There appeared small buying and October advanced to 9.30 which was the highest level. The market finally closed at a rise of 3 points to unchanged.

Spot cotton prices declined one point with 7/8 inch staple at 10.23 and 15/16 inch staple at 10.43c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quietly steady with a restricted turnover and closed unchanged to one point up. Spot cotton prices declined 6 pts. at 10.40c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened 3 pts. up at 7.00 for October. The market was steady. There was moderate trade calling and outside hedging. The market was very steady and closed unchanged to 9 points up. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 6 pts. at 7.72d. per lb.

Egyptian cotton market was steady. Uppers futures advanced 11 to 10 points and Giza futures gained 12 to 14 pts.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 9.30+02 (10-7 a.m.); lowest 9.27—01 (10 a.m.)

Liverpool October highest 7.06+09; lowest 7.00+63.

Messrs Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends :—

Liverpool.—Small market but good trade calling and absence of hedge selling. Bullish.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York : July 23.

October	9.30+02
December	9.18+02
January	9.08+02
March	8.97+03
May	8.78+01
July	8.61
Middling Spot	10.43—01

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York : July 23.

October	9.35+01
December	9.20+01
January	9.10
Middling Spot	10.40—05

NEW YORK COTTON

New York : July 23.

	11 a.m. Rates.	Noon	Call.
October	9.27/9.27		9.28
December	9.14/9.14		9.15
March	8.92/8.92		8.94

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York : July 23.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	8,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	1,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	Nil.
day's exports to China and Japan	Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool : July 23.

July	7.35+11
August	7.24+10
September	7.13+08
October	7.06+09
November	6.96+08
December	6.86+06
January	6.84+06
February	6.79+06
March	6.75+06
April	6.71+05
May	6.67+03
June	6.63+02
July	6.59
Middling Spot	7.72+06

10 a.m. QUOTATIONS

July	Unquoted
October	7.01

DECLINE IN SUGAR PRICES

Bombay : July 24.

JAVA SUGAR

As a result of the startling news received from Cawnpore on 21st inst. that the Indian Sugar Syndicate had reduced its selling prices by Rs. 2/8 per md., local market for ready Indian Sugar showed considerable nervousness and prices recorded a sharp decline of Rs. 2/12 to Rs 3 per cwt. alround. Naturally in sympathy with the fall in Indian sugars, local market for Java sugar was also depressed to some extent and prices on the whole recorded a decline of about 9 annas per cwt. for September, while in absence of buyers, quotations for ready as well as July and Bond sugars have remained nominal. As usual in the unsettled state of the market, there is practically no buying interest from Kathiawar or Persian Gulf Ports which was visible during precious weeks. Business was chiefly confined to short coverings for September by one of the prominent dealers at prices varying from Rs. 8/8 to Rs. 8/4 per cwt. as the prices ruling in Java are much above the local parity. At the close, tone of the market was dull with downward tendency.

INDIAN SUGARS

During the earlier part of the week, prices for Indian sugars remained steady but during the latter part of the week, there was a precipitous decline in prices of Indian sugars amounting to Rs. 2/12 to Rs. 3 per md. on the report from Cawnpore on 21st inst. to the effect that Indian Sugar Syndicate had reduced its selling limits by Rs. 2/8 per md. Naturally this caused considerable nervousness amongst dealers and consumers which has demoralised the local market at present. Prices in the local market, though nominal are almost on the level of the new Syndicate limits but it is at present difficult to forecast any opinion until some definite information is available about the future policy of the Indian Sugar Syndicate regarding sales of their unsold stocks which are reported to be very heavy. The main reasons for the sudden collapse in Syndicate limits are attributed to the breakdown of the negotiations for the sale of the Indian Sugar by the Indian Sugar Syndicate to the United Kingdom and also to the large unsold stocks with Syndicate Mills.

FOREIGN MARKETS

On the New York Terminal market there was an alround decline of 5 pts. Java market was reported steady with limit of the "Nivas" unchanged at 7.75 Glds. per 100 Kilos.

CALCUTTA AND KARACHI

There was no interest in Java Sugar in Calcutta. In Karachi, business was chiefly confined to sales of ready Java sugar for transhipment. In forward there was no interest and prices are nominal. In Indian sugar market was reported to be dull with considerable decline in prices due to recent heavy reduction in the Syndicate limits which has disorganised the market.

FREIGHT RATES

Freight rates from Java to India for July shipment are raised by 10 per cent. i.e. to 44 shillings whilst for Persian Gulf Ports freight is raised to 75 shillings. War Risk Insurance premium was quoted at 3 per cent for India and Persian Gulf Ports.

GENERAL

Quotations for ready Java are nominal. As regards future course of the market looking to the surplus stocks of Indian Sugar, there is hardly any possibility of imports of Java or any other sugar in the near future except for occasional requirements of some of the Maritime States of Cutch or Kathiawar.

Air Mails To England

An official communique states that arrangements have been completed for a weekly transmission of mails part of the way by air to Britain and those European countries with which mail communications are still maintained. Mails sent by this route will be carried by air as far as Durban by the weekly Sydney/Durban air service and then by sea routes to their destination.

The weekly air service leaves Calcutta for Durban every Tuesday and Karachi every Wednesday. By using this service mails from India to the United Kingdom will now take approximately three to four weeks, which represents a considerable saving on the time at present taken by the all-sea route. Arrangements have been made for definite connections with the air mail at Durban by the Union Castle boats from Cape Town. It is therefore now possible to make regular postings and be assured that mail will leave on a specified date, thus obviating the great uncertainty caused by the irregular sailing of vessels from India at present. The ordinary air mail surcharge is payable for mails sent by this route.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay : July 24.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar-Sterling cross rate was 4.02½ to 4.03 1/2 at London and 3.81 3/4 at New York. London Silver spot advanced 1/4d. at 22 7/16d. but forward was unchanged at 22 1/16d. New York spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted unchanged at 3 3/4.

The London Spot Silver market advanced on short covering and offerings were limited. The local market was quietly steady. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 59/4 and forward parity was Rs. 58/6/3. There was very restricted trading in the local market and prices remained mostly unchanged. There is more disposition to await European developments.

Quotations were as under :—

Ready : Gold Rs. 41/11/6; Silver Rs. 62/2/6
Ashad : Gold Rs. 41/12/0; Silver Rs. 62/1/0

LONDON SILVER

London : July 23.

Spot	22 7/16
Forward	22 1/16

LONDON GOLD

London : July 23.

Gold Bars Fine per Oz.	£8/8/0

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay : July 24.

	Rs.as.ps.
Castorseeds September—	
Opening	40 0 0
Highest	40 0 0
Lowest	39 6 0
Closing	39 10 0
Groundnuts August—	
Opening	32 0 0
Highest	32 2 0
Lowest	31 5 0
Closing	31 7 0
Cottonseeds September—	
Opening	26 11 0
Highest	26 11 0
Lowest	26 1 0
Closing	26 1 0
Groundnuts February—	
Opening	34 3 0
Highest	34 4 0
Lowest	33 1 0
Closing	33 3 0
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	24 2 0
Highest	24 2 0
Lowest	23 10 0
Closing	23 11 6

SHIPPING NEWS

SAILED

Bombay : July 24.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Onoe Maru of 3772 reg tons Capt S Hukazawa sailed for Karachi with general cargo.

Burmah Shell Oil S and D Coy's Dutch s s Macoma of 4767 reg tons Capt P Buismay sailed for Abadan in ballast.

IMPORTS

Bombay, July 24

8793 bls raw cotton, 185 c/s silk and rayon mxed pcegoods, 126 c/s silk pcegoods, 200 c/s refined camphor, 610 c/s rawon pcegoods, 94 c/s toys, 25 c/s rubber, 39 c/s clocks, 124 c/s beer, 30 c/s lemon squash, 25 c/s iron panel pins, 239 c/s rayon yarn, 58 c/s dry fruits, 442 c/s cone yarn, 73 bags betelnuts, 3508 bgs sugar, 77 bags dry prawns, 235 bgs mash, 60 bags gallnuts, 381 bags poppyseed, 30 bags gum, 1000 bags cottonseed, 7450 bags copra, 50 bags sardines, 106 pkgs coffee, 158 bdls coir yarn, 45 bdls brass pipes, 416 bdls dry dates, 425 baskets wet dates, 38 bls oily ctn yarn waste, 30 bdls cotton hosiery waste, 43 pkgs wooden furniture, 55 bls senna leaves, 125 c/s art silk yarn, 71154 pcs and bdls teak wood.

EXPORTS

Bombay : July 24.

100 bls raw cotton Ralli Bros Ltd; 300 tons old iron scrap The Nissho Co Ltd; 24 bls w/n carpets Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 25 bdls sandalwood R Purshotam and Co; 200 bags talc powder D Abraham and Sons; 19 bls chrome leather tanned D Abraham and Sons; 20 c/s chrome leather tanned The Western India Tanneries Ltd; 250 bls duck cotton grey M Mackenzie and Co; 43 bls cotton duck Roberts, Mclean and Co Ltd; 490 bls cotton fly V A Save and Co; 200 bls raw cotton K Vishram and Sons; 100 bls raw cotton B Shah and Co; 100 bls raw cotton N Manilal and Co; 100 bls raw cotton A Clayton and Co; 20 bags fleaseeds Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 1250 bls raw cotton The Bombay Co Ltd; 450 bls raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 700 bls raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 375 bls raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton L Ramji Co; 100 bls raw cotton J M Dave and Co; 1444 bls cotton waste L O Vora; 148 bls cotton grey drills R Dossa and Co; 50 bls cotton grey yarn R Dossa and Co; 72 bls jute rags Champaklal and Co; 600 bls cotton waste Champaklal and Co.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 24.

Prices opened steady on the Exchange but were inclined to be easier towards the close on some scattered selling. Tata Deferreds stood at 1807/8 at the opening and made narrow movements for some time but towards the close declined to 1790. The Ordinaries opened at 345/8 and reported a fair amount of turnover around 344 and finally stood at 342/8. Textiles continued dull, with Bombay Dyeings ruling around 905, while Indian Irons remained unchanged at 26/4.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day :—

Tata Deferreds (1800) 1807/8 1802/8 1805 1790
Tata Ordinaries (345) 345/8 344 345 342/8

Tata Ordinary 342/8; Tata Deferred 1790; Indian Iron 26/2; Bombay Dyeing 905; Century 252/8; Central India 250; Kohinoor 342/8 Associated Cement 112/4; Bombay Burma 525 Scindia Steam 18/8; Tata Hydro 160; Reserve Bank 101/8; Imperial Bank F P 1425; Central Bank 34/12; Bank of India 134; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 88/3.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay : July 24.

Failure of New York market to respond to the steady rise in local cotton prices induced some realising in the local market and prices declined after steady opening. It may be said that while certain amount of uncertainty prevails in the market regarding the prospective outlook, it is generally felt that present prices are attractive in comparison to American and there is more disposition to buy on declines. Tenders against July contracts are readily absorbed and the market is impressed favourably about war insurance risk. The recent agreement with Japan also removed fear of uncertainty and normal conditions prevail in the market.

In sympathy with a rise of 2 pts. in New York cotton futures, the market opened at Rs. 196 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 193 on professional unloading. The offerings were absorbed at the decline and the market was steady after the decline with a moderate business.

Later on there were unfounded rumours accompanied by large selling orders and prices declined to Rs. 189/8. Scattered covering appeared and prices rallied to Rs. 191/8. Liverpool opened 2 pts. up, but the local market ruled quiet at Rs. 190/8. Later on Liverpool was 6 pts. up and prices recovered to Rs. 193, but persistent selling by professional Bears depressed prices to Rs. 191/8. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under :—

F G M G Broach July/August ..... Rs. 173/0
F G M G Broach April/May ..... Rs. 190/12
Fine M G Oomra July ..... Rs. 167/8
Fine M G Oomra Dec/Jan ..... Rs. 169/8
F G M G Bengal July ..... Rs. 138/4
F G M G Bengal Dec/Jan ..... Rs. 138/4

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay : July 24.

	To-day.	Total
Broach	1,000	28,700
Bengal	Nil.	7,200
Oomra	450	7,750

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay : July 24.

	Rs.as.ps.
Wheat September	0 4 0
Wheat January	0 8 0
Wheat May	0 11 0
Groundnuts August	1 4 0
Groundnuts February	5 0 0
Castorseeds September	3 8 0
Cottonseed September	1 4 0
Cottonseeds January	3 0 0
Silver Shrawan	1 12 0
Gold Shrawan	0 12 0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay : July 24.

Bengal Fine	146/48
C. P. 1	174/77
C. P. 2	168/70
Berar	167/69
Khandesh	162/64
Jalna/Sailu	163/65
Ahmednagar	160/63
Broach	172/76

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay : July 23.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach J/A	176	172	176
Broach A/M	195 1/2	191 1/2	195 1/4
Oomra July	167	164 1/2	166 3/4
Oomra D/J	173	169	173
Bengal July	141	135	141
Bengal D/J	142	138	141 1/2

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool : July 23.

	UPPERS.	GIZA.
Spot	11.28—1	10.54—6
July	10.87+11	10.22+12
October	10.40+10	10.02+14
December	10.30+10	Nov. 10.02+14
January	10.10+10	9.85+14
March	9.90+10	9.70+14
May	9.83+10	9.62+14

COTTON PARITY

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 332 penny points at Exch 1/6
Broach A/M below Liverpool May 220 penny points at Exch 1/6
Broach A/M below New York May 155 cent points at Exch 351

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay : July 24.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales.

	Yesterday.	Since 1st This year.	Septmbr. Last year.
Khandesh	55,579	38,727	
Central India	109,361	225,006	
Barsi and Nagar	114,118	93,350	
Hyderabad/Gaorani	47,970	4,474	
Berar	318,618	162,718	
Central Provinces	76,962	38,100	
Total Oomras	722,608	562,375	
Dholeras	89,297	276,863	
N.-W. Provinces	26,079	9,576	
Rajputana	35,228	79,302	
Sind-Punjab 49	369,039	330,875	
Broach	408,546	414,944	
Coompta & Dharwar 103	49,918	148,456	
Westerns-Northerns 203	36,147	95,725	
Cocoanada	86	98	
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,392	2,637	
Total 355	1,738,340	1,920,853	
Arrived by road to 18th July 1940	339,387	.....	

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay : July 24.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup. Fine	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P	150	147	144	141
M G Punjab	150	147	144	141
M G Rajputana	157	154	151	148
M G Oomra No. 3	172	170	167	164
M G C. P. N. 1	184	182	179	176
M G C. P. No. 2	176	174	171	168
M G Broach No. 2	180	178	176	173
M G Punjab-American	211	209	207	204
M G Surat	232	230	228	225
M G Rajpipla	226	224	222	219
M G Navsari	239	237	235	232

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay : July 24.

Yellow Metal Sheet	Rs. 56/0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 66/8

Tone :—Steady.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 24.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 94-12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-12
3 per cent 1951-54 Bonds 95-8
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 88-3
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 102-2
4 per cent 1943 Bond 103-14
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 100
4 1/2 per cent 1955-69 Loan 107 4
5 per cent 1940/43 Bonds 100-8
3 per cent 1963/65 Loans 87-12

TAX FREE LOANS

3 per cent 1945/55 Loan 107-14
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 106
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 118

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 100
4 per cent M Deb. 1947 99 8
5 per cent M Deb. 1959 109
6 per cent M Deb. 1954 115
6 per cent K P T 1955 115

Tone quiet.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay : July 24.

B. C. RATES —

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 24th January

LONDON :—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 31/32 to 24th January

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 24th January

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK :—

Banks selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328

PARIS :—

Bank's selling T T not quoted

Bank's buying T T not quoted

JAPAN :—

Bank's selling T T 85 5/8 nominal

Bank's buying T T 80 5/8 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 79 7/8 nominal

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 84 3/4

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 24

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES—

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 24th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/4 1/16 24th inst.
New York/London 3.81 1/2 23rd inst.
London/Java 7.58/62 23rd inst.
London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 23rd inst.
London/Switzerland 17.70/80 23rd inst.
London/Stockholm 16.85/95 23rd inst.
London/Japan 1/3 1/4 23rd inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Quiet.
Gold £8/8/0 22nd inst.
Gold £8/8/0 23rd inst.
Silver London Ready 22 3/16 22nd inst.
Silver London Ready 22 7/16 23rd inst.
Silver London Forward 22 1/16 22nd inst.
Silver London Forward 22 1/16 23rd inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 22nd inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 23rd inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 22nd inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 23rd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 22nd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 23rd inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money :—Call 1/2 per cent.
3 months 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone :—Very easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London : July 23.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS—

3 per cent	79
3 1/2 per cent	91 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	100
4 per cent 1948/53	104
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	107
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	109
5 per cent 1942/47	103 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	72 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	95 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	110
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	40

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York : July 23.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange report :—

	Dollars
Amer For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	16
Amer For Pow 6 per cent Deb	46
Amer Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	42 1/2
Electric Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	32
Electric Bond and Share Common	5 3/4
Electric Bond and Share Dol.5 Pfd	62
Columbia Gas and Electric	5 1/2
American Tel and Tel	169
Sun Life of Canada	175
Western Union Telegraph	16 1/2
New York Central R R	11 1/2
Great Northern Preferred	22 1/4
Union Pacific	80
Chesapeake and Ohio	36
Australia 5 per cent 1955 Loan	47
United States Steel	60 3/8
Bethlehem Steel	75
National Steel	58 1/2
Crucible Steel	28 1/2
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	20 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	18 7/8
Chrysler Motors	63 3/8
General Motors	43 1/4
Socony	8 1/2
Consolidated Oil	6 1/4
Standard Oil of New Jersey	34 1/2
Texas Corporation	38 3/4
National City Bank of N Y	24 3/4

Turnover 2,50,000 shares.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay : July 24.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Shipment September Rs. 8/5 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready :—
Ready ordinary Rs. 15 to 15/3
Ready large grain Rs. 15/4 to 16.
Tone :—Quiet.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay : July 24.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay : July 24.

Yarn No.	August	October	Decmbr
6 1/2s.	120	122	124
10 1/2s.	136	140	144
20 1/2s.	164	169	173
40s.	238	241	245

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay : July 24.

The linseed and wheat market was influenced by the sharp drop in cotton prices. There was moderate selling but at the decline scattered covering appeared.

Quotations at 5 p.m. were as under :—

	Rs.as.ps.
Linseed September	5 7 0
Linseed May	6 1 3
Wheat September	4 0 3
Wheat January	4 3 3
Wheat May	4 5 0

PEPPER & GINGER PRICES

Bombay : July 24.

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

	Rs.as.ps.
Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	81 8 0
Pepper Bhadarwa Sud 15 per candy	82 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy	86 0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt	16 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt	13 8 0

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay : July 24.

The local Share Bazar opened steady and under scattered buying there was some improvement in prices, but later on with the sharp drop in cotton prices there appeared increased selling and prices declined. The tone of the market was heavy. Quotations for August were higher but business was restricted.

Government Securities were steady with moderate support. Cotton Mill shares were steady with a restricted turnover and prices do not show any change. Bombay Dyeings changed hands at Rs. 907/8 and Century shares were steady at Rs. 258. Central India shares closed at Rs. 252 and Simplex changed hands at Rs. 90.

There was slightly increased selling pressure in Bank section and Barodas declined to Rs. 103/4 and Centrals eased off to Rs. 34/12.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay : July 24.

Bombay Dyeing (910) 907/8; Aug. 920 917/8 918
Century (258) 259 258; Aug. 261 259
Central India (282) 252; Aug. 252 254 253
Simplex (90) 90; Aug. 90
Swadeshi (221) 222; Aug. 221
Associated Cement (113) 113 112/8; Aug. 112/8
Tata Power (1312/8) 1325 1320 1325 1315; Aug. 1325 1320
Tata Steel Defd (1802/8) 1810 1815 1817/8 1807/8 1812/8 1805 1800 1797/8; Aug. 1825 1817/8 1820 1815 1807/8
Tata Steel Ordinary (345) 346 346 345 343 348; Aug. 347 344 343
Bellapur (203) 202 201; Aug. 203
Bombay Burma (530) 530 531/4; Aug. 532/8.

Insurance shares were quiet. New Indias were done at Rs. 36/8 and Orientals fetched Rs. 3375.

Hydro-Electric shares were steady. Trams improved to Rs. 125/8 and Tata Powers gained Rs. 15 at Rs. 1315.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 1810 and advanced to Rs. 1817/8 but later prices declined to Rs. 1797/8. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 345 and closed at Rs. 342. Bombay Burmas were steady at Rs. 531/4. Scindia shares improved to Rs. 19/8, but Tata Oils quietened down to Rs. 41/12.

Yesterday the Wall-Street market was narrow and with a small volume of business U. S. Steel shares declined 1/4 at dol. 60 3/8 and Anaconda Copper shares closed 1/8 down at 18 7/8 dollars.

Local markets are sensitive to war news and particularly Cotton Market where unrestricted speculation continues often influences other markets on unfounded rumours and faulty interpretations.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, July 24.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	265 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	907 8
100	Century	258 0
100	Central India	252 0
100	Colaba	132 0
100	Coorla	93 12
250	David	345 8
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 6 3
100	Finlay	135 0
100	Gokak	183 8
1000	Hindustan	1920 0
100	Indore	37 0
100	Kh

As. 8 for 5

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1940

GLYCO-THYMOLINE

(Kress & Owen Co.'s)

KEEP INFECTION AT BAY! with GLYCO-THYMOLINE

To cure common cold and tonsilities, douche the nose and gargle with Glyco-Thymoline which keeps infection at Bay and soothes irritated tissues.

Obtainable at all Chemists.

Jawahar Surprised At Report

Affirms Non-Violence Is Basis Of All Congress Bodies

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in a press statement states:

"I am surprised to see a report in the press about Pandit Shri Krishna Datta Paliwal who is reported to have said at Cawnpore that non-violence is not the basic principle of the Congress Volunteer organisation. I am sure that he has been misreported.

"Only a few days ago, the Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee considered this question very fully and passed a long resolution in which it was again emphasised that the very basis of our Congress volunteer organisation and all other Congress work is non-violent. Further that if our volunteers co-operate with others in any activities it must be on this basis. There is therefore some obvious misunderstanding somewhere.

The following is an extract of the report referred to by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru:—

Addressing a public meeting at Cawnpore on July 21 Pandit Paliwal is reported to have said that after the Ramgarh resolution of the Congress, Mahatma Gandhi issued a statement and all Congress Committees were turned into Satyagraha Committees. The Congress afterwards realised that the time might soon come when the Congress might be in power and would be required to deal with the administrative and defence problems of the country.

The Congress felt that it might be necessary for independent India to use violence for the sake of the country's defence. For this purpose, therefore, the volunteers movement was started. He laid stress of organising and strengthening the volunteer movement.

CEYLON RAISES SUGAR IMPORT DUTY

COLOMBO, July 24.

The import duty on sugar has been raised with immediate effect by one rupee and now amounts to six and half rupees per hundredweight.—A.P.

Goats And Shepherd Kidnapped

PESHAWAR, July 24.

A shepherd who was watering his herd of goats in a pond near Mari, in the jurisdiction of Safre Police Station, was kidnapped by three armed Transborder raiders to tribal territory. They also drove away with them some 68 goats.

At dusk the shepherd returned to his village having apparently been let off by the raiders. The goats taken away by the dacoits did not return.—A.P

The Faridpur District Magistrate presented the Governor of Bengal a purse of Rs. 10,000 from the people of Faridpur District to the War Fund.

LET BOMBAY PAY FOR AN AIR SQUADRON

Sir Homi Modi Appeals For War Gifts Fund: When Human Freedom Is In Danger, They Should Forget Differences, He Says

A meeting of the Cricket Club of India was held at the Club House, on Wednesday evening, with a view to consider the question of contribution to the Bombay War Gifts Fund.

Sir H. P. Modi, who presided over the meeting spoke on the present war situation and observed that human rights and liberties were in danger of being submerged. At this moment, Indians should forget their differences and help Great Britain in the successful prosecution of the war.

He urged the members to contribute liberally to the war fund. The amount of Rs. 6 lakhs, collected by them in the city was not enough. They should collect at least Rs. 25 lakhs for a squadron of aeroplanes.

He finally hoped that Bombay's contribution would be worthy of its tradition.

DOZEN SELECTED FOR AIR FORCE TRAINING

CALCUTTA, July 24.

It is understood that out of one hundred students who have assembled at Ambala from all over India for selection as officers in the Royal Indian Air Force about a dozen have been selected by the authorities, including three from the Calcutta University. The students have been instructed to join the training camp at Lahore.

In this connection it is further learnt that the Air Headquarters are likely to recruit more officers, namely, pilots and observers and the University authorities have been instructed to recommend a certain number of candidates every month.—United Press.

Candidates For Army Veterinary Corps

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, July 24.

It is understood the army authorities do not anticipate any lack of Indian candidates at present for Army Veterinary Corps. 28 Indian Students are expected to graduate shortly from the Veterinary College, London. It may be remembered that some time back there was complaint of dearth of sufficient qualified candidates to fill up vacancies in the Army Veterinary Corps. The required minimum qualification is membership of the Royal Veterinary College of Surgeons, London.

For some time, a proposal has also been before the Government of India for starting an All-India Veterinary College, which will give the same standard of training as the London College, so that the Indian students may not be obliged to proceed to London, for getting the required qualification.

Johore Malays For Indian Sandhurst

SIMLA, July 23.

Malays are to be sent to the Indian Military College at Dehra Dun to be trained as officers in the Johore Military Forces, it is reported from Singapore. The scheme is supported by Johore Military authorities and of the Malaya Command.

Four Johore Malays have already been chosen and will study in India for eighteen months. On their return they will be offered commissions in the Johore Military Forces.

Johore is one of the wealthiest and best known of the unfederated Malay States. It maintains its own military force comprising Malays and Indians who work in close collaboration with the Malaya Command.

Provision will in future be made to send Johore Malays for military training to India each year on the lines of the Sultan Ibrahim Studentship Fund founded six years ago to raise the standard of the Johore Civil Service.—A. P.

Tea-Planters' Contribution For War Fund

JORHAT, July 23

Mr. Soshi Prosad Borooah, brother of the late Rai Bahadur Siva Prosad Borooah, a premier tea planter of Jorhat, has contributed a sum of Rs. 20,000 towards the Assam War Fund and Mr. Sollendra Prosad Borooah, son of the Rai Bahadur, has contributed Rs. 5,000 with a promise to pay Rs. 1,000 a month until the end of the war.—A.P.

Mauritius' War Gift

LONDON, July 22.

At the Admiralty, Sir Bede Clifford, Governor of Mauritius, handed to Mr. Alexander a silver cigarette-box presented to the wardroom of His Majesty's "Mauritius" by the people of that colony. The box contained two cheques one of £11,000 for the purchase of a seaplane for the ship and second of £150,000 as a gift to the British Government for the prosecution of war.

Sir Bede Clifford stated that a good part of the money had been given by the people of French descent, who were unshaken in their loyalty to the Allied cause.—Reuter.

Khyrim Ruler's Offer

SHILLONG, July 24.

The 'United Press' is authoritatively informed that the Chief of Khyrim State, has offered his personal services and placed the State's manpower at the disposal of His Majesty's Government in the successful prosecution of war.—United Press.

BIHAR WAR PLANES FUND

RANCHI.—The Bihar Provincial War Committee opened a Bihar War Planes Fund on Wednesday morning. Within a few hours Rs. 170,000 was subscribed, which is more than the cost of the first plane which the Committee intend giving to the fighting services.—A. P.

Madras Governor's War Fund

MADRAS, July 24.

The total of His Excellency the Governor's War Fund amounted to Rs. 7,07,510-2-7 upto the afternoon of July 23.—A P.

RELY ON GOVT. AND ABANDON STRIKE PLAN

NAGPUR, July 24.

"The Goverment considers the proposal to start some form of direct action on the morning of July 26, ill advised and so far from being calculated to bring about a settlement of the dispute, is likely to prolong it", states a communication addressed to the President of the Nagpur Textile Union by the C. P. Government in connection with the threatened resort to Satyagraha by workers of the Modern Mills as decided upon by the Union.

The communication adds: "The question of dearness allowance to workers of the Model Mills is already under examination by the Government in pursuance of the assurance given by the Government on July 4. All that Government can do is to use its best endeavours on behalf of the workers with the management of the mills, but it has no power to enforce a settlement on the management.

In the circumstances the workers will be well advised to abandon the strike and go back to work relying on the efforts of the Government, which will be continued, subject to the limitations mentioned above."—A. P.

RAJAJI LEAVES FOR POONA

MADRAS, July 24.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, member of the Congress Working Committee, left for Poona this morning by Bombay Express to attend the meetings of the Congress Working Committee and the A.-I. C. C. He was seen off by a number of Congressmen.

His attention being drawn to Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer's speech at the Travancore legislature yesterday on constitutional issue, Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar said: "If Britain really desires to take a great step with regard to India and gain the goodwill of her millions, the so-called treaty between the State of Travancore and Great Britain will not stand in the way.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar expects to return to Madras by the end of this month.—A. P.

Sir C. P.'s Reply To 'C. R.'

TRIVANDRUM, July 24.

He did not refer solely to Travancore's treaty with the British in his speech yesterday in the Travancore Legislature but his remarks had reference to the treaties of All-Indian States, said Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer to-day referring to Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar's comment thereon.

Sir Ramaswami Iyer added that the grant or promise of Indian independence would necessarily be a modification of the fundamental basis as well as the spirit of those treaties and would necessitate new mutual arrangements and settlements.—A. P.

ACTUARIES EXAM.

CALCUTTA, July 24.

The Controller of Examinations, Calcutta University, informs the "Associated Press" that preliminary examination of the Institute of Actuaries, London, fixed for July 29, has been postponed in accordance with a communication received from the London Office of the Institute.—A.P.

Coalition Govts. In Centre And Provinces?

Negotiation Proceeding For League-Congress Settlement

(From Our Correspondent.)

DELHI, July 22.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, President of the Congress, who arrived here from Naini Tal this morning in an interview to your correspondent said the Working Committee and the A. I. C. C. are going to discuss nothing new except the Delhi resolution and its implication to the present state of affairs.

Asked as to who will be the 16th member of the Working Committee in place of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, the Maulana said that no decision in this regard has been taken so far and that an announcement is likely to be made after the A. I. C. C. meeting at Poona. In this connection names of Dr. Kitchlew, Mian Iftikhar-ud-Din, Dr. Khan Saheb and Mr. M. N. Roy are mentioned. On enquiry whether there was any chance of including any Jamiat-i-Ulema leader in the Working Committee Maulana Azad said it was his earnest desire to take Ulema's representative on the Working Committee. but none of the Ulema leaders is a regular member of the Congress, nor the A. I. C. C., and hence it becomes absolutely impossible for them to be a member of the Working Committee.

Asked whether he discussed with Sir Sikandar the arrests of Congress leaders in the Punjab when the latter came to Delhi last time to meet him, the Maulana said Congressmen's arrests were the main thing for discussion and as for other talks of League-Congress settlement negotiations are in progress. It is understood that if any agreement between the Congress President and Sir Sikandar and Mr. Fazlul Haque is arrived at coalition Governments in Centre and the provinces would be formed despite the opposition of Mr. Jinnah, who is indifferent towards the idea of Coalition Governments assuming, of course, that the Congress demand is accepted by Government.

In political circle in Delhi it is believed that increasing gulf between the Bengal and Punjab Premiers on the one hand and Mr. Jinnah on the other hand will culminate in the two Premiers' resignations from the League.

IT'S A STRANGE LEAGUE IN PUNJAB

DALHOUSIE, July 24.

Remarking that it is an extraordinary Provincial Muslim League in the Punjab, Malik Barkat Ali, M.L.A. (Punjab) and member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League points out that Nawab Mohamed Shan Nawazkhan of Mamdot, the President of the Provincial League and several members of the Working Committee are prominent members of the Provincial War Board.

Malik Barkat Ali adds.—

"When moved to act in accordance with the resolution of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League they unceremoniously reject the resolution. The President, when called upon to read the reply sent by Mr. Jinnah to his letter pursuant to a resolution of the Working Committee of the Provincial Muslim League, in which Mr. Jinnah was requested to exempt the Punjab members from the ban imposed by the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League, refuses to read out that reply. And the last resolution passed by the Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Muslim League, with the concurrence of its President, is that the Nawab and two others, all members of the Provincial War Board, should wait upon Mr. Jinnah to explain to him what is called "the peculiar position of the Punjab" and to beg for exemption.

Surely, it is time that the Provincial Muslim League were taught a lesson and disabled permanently, if it cannot act in obedience to the mandates of the parent body, from damaging the prestige of the fabric of the Muslim League."—A.P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

There is to be some light where there was darkness. The Black Hole of Calcutta is at last to go. Our congratulations go to those gallant seekers after truth who after years of agitation have at last succeeded. It seems almost sad that the Prime Minister of Bengal had not yielded before.

Daladiere is to stand his trial. One doesn't know now whether it is the French or the German Government that he is alleged to have betrayed.

Father Vivier Elwin is to speak at the Progressive Group. This is an important announcement and he should have a good crowd to hear him.

The statue of liberty which stands at the entrance to America is much coveted by Adolf Hitler. He would, we expect, have liked it bodily shipped to Germany—Ironical as it may seem in Nazi surroundings.

One reads with delight in the paper the following:

Mr. D. R. Kadolkar, B.A., LL.B., married Miss Ratanbai, an educated Harijan girl. The ceremony was performed at Belgaum and was attended by many well-placed citizens.

Perhaps it is the dawn of a new era in which each generation will begin life with equal opportunity.

It seems that the Stewards of the Turf Club will have to examine certain cases with greater sympathy. News comes from Karachi of the exclusion of Mr. Mamtani, the owner of Marsumi Pasha and Amin Pasha, for the remainder of the monsoon meeting at Karachi, for having contravened Rule 67 of the Rules of racing. From the correspondence that his come into this office it appears that too strict a view is taken of a technical offence, nor is the punishment meted out compatible with the fault alleged to have been committed. If the stewards must enforce discipline and rules, one is with them. But let it be broached more gently to the so-called rule-breakers.

POSTAL BOATS SINK

Watery Grave For Postman: Money And Papers Lost

BHAGALPUR, July 23.

A postal boat, carrying a postman to deliver telegraphic money orders, while proceeding from Parsa, a village in Supaul Sub-Division of Bhagalpur District, towards the South, was caught in the strong shallow current of the Kosi, dashed against a tree and sank with all the money and papers. Another boat following to rescue it also sank.—A.P.

'PHONE LINK WITH SANTINIKETAN

SANTINIKETAN, July 24.

Santiniketan was put on the Telephone Map of India this afternoon when Dr. Rabindranath Tagore from his own rooms exchanged greetings with Sir G. V. Bewoor, Director General of Posts and Telegraphs at New Delhi inaugurating the Trunk Telephone connection.

Later the Poet proceeded to Bolpur Telephone Exchange and recited one of his poems which was relayed and broadcast under the auspices of the Calcutta Station of the All-India Radio.

An interesting programme had been previously prepared by the Radio which was then put through, students of Vishwa Bharati participating in it.

Among those present at the function were the Postmaster General, Bengal and Assam, Director of Telegraphs, Calcutta, Members of the Staff of Viswa Bharati and All-India Radio and a number of prominent citizens of Bolpur.—A.P.

DEATH OF BOHRA PHILANTHROPIST

POONA. (By Mail).

Taherali Mohamadali, a Bohra philanthropist and one of the leading citizens of Poona died on the 22nd of July. He had rendered financial help to several social welfare activities. He took keen interest in the education of girls and helped charitable institutions without communal bias. He leaves a widow and a large family and a crowd of friends to mourn his loss.

Madras Contributes Rs. 1,50,000 For War Planes

MADRAS, July 24.

Out of the collections to the Madras Governor's war fund Rs 1,50,000 has been sent to the Indian Air Force for the purchase of war planes.—A. P.

Coalition Plan Proves A Flop

No Prospect Of Vote Of Confidence In Orissa Legislature

CUTTACK, July 24.

The Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Orissa has issued the following 'communique':

"The Governor of Orissa was informed on the morning of July 16 that there was a prospect of formation of a Coalition among those members of the Legislature who were ordinarily opposed to the late Ministry and some of those who had supported it.

It was stated that these members would support the New Ministry headed by Pandit Godavaris Misra with the Raja Bahadur of Khalikote holding an important portfolio, on the understanding that its main policy would be to further all efforts towards a successful prosecution of the war.

His Excellency accordingly invited two leaders for preliminary discussion on the evening of July 16. It was expected that the conversations would be continued, **but during the course of the next few days, it became doubtful whether the proposed Ministry would be in a position to meet the Legislature at a reasonably early date after taking Office with the certainty of obtaining a vote of confidence on their policy in regard to the war.**

In view of this fact the conversations have not yet been resumed."—A.P.

Exploits Of Charlie Chan

Hollywood Murder

By Alfred Andriola

OH! OH! THE BOTH OF THEM! TWO MORE THEY GOT! OH! OH!
NO! NO, MR. KORNWELLER! ONLY MISS LANE! MANCE JUST FAINTED!
GINA!
GINA! GINA...
THREE WOMEN MARKED FOR DEATH - ONE POISONED, TWO SHOT! S'HELP ME, THERE'S NOT A DOUBT IN MY MIND - SOME DEVIL IS OUT TO GET ANY GIRL WHO PLAYS THAT CURSED PART OF KARMA!
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